

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016



STATE OF TENNESSEE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF AUDIT DIVISION OF STATE AUDIT

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Honorable Bill Haslam, Governor Members of the General Assembly Members of the Board of Directors Mr. Ralph Perrey, Executive Director

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, a component unit of the State of Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion. Tennessee statutes, in addition to audit responsibilities, entrust certain other responsibilities to the Comptroller of the Treasury. Those responsibilities include serving as a member of the board of directors of Tennessee Housing Development Agency. We do not believe that the Comptroller's service in this capacity affected our ability to conduct an independent audit of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension asset for the State and Higher Education Retirement Plan, the schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability for the Closed State and Higher Education Pension Plan, the schedule of contributions to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, the schedule of contributions to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, and the other postemployment benefits schedule of funding progress, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the agency's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other

records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2016, on our consideration of the agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Deborah V. Loveless, CPA

Debrew Lonless

Director

December 19, 2016

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

This section of the Tennessee Housing Development Agency's (THDA) annual financial statements presents management's discussion and analysis of THDA's financial performance for the year ended June 30, 2016, with comparative information presented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of THDA and to meet the financial reporting and disclosure requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34, *Basic Financial Statements -- and Management's Discussion and Analysis -- for State and Local Governments*. This section should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report and the audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

<u>INTRODUCTION – THE TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY</u>

The mission statement of THDA is "Leading Tennessee Home by creating safe, sound, affordable housing opportunities." THDA's goal is to provide housing assistance to those in need by offering a variety of housing-related programs. One of the primary ways THDA assists Tennesseans is by offering mortgages for first-time homebuyers at below conventional market interest rates. At the close of fiscal year 2016, THDA has originated over 115,000 single-family mortgage loans in its 43-year history, and serves as the master servicer for all active mortgages it funds. In addition to helping homebuyers, THDA administers Section 8 rental assistance programs, including the tenant-based Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) program in approximately 74 of Tennessee's 95 counties, as well as the project-based Contract Administration program for approximately 400 contracts throughout all of Tennessee. THDA also administers grant programs, awarded on a competitive annual cycle, for rehabilitation and new construction of owner-occupied units and small rental projects. THDA is also involved in the development and rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for low-income families by administering the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit, which is a competitive process, and by setting aside a portion of bond authority to be allocated to local issuing authorities for specific multifamily developments.

More recently, THDA has administered programs under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), including the Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing Program (HPRP), the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP), and a Low Income Housing Tax Credit exchange program under Section 1602 of the Act.

As established by statute, "The agency shall have a board of directors which shall be responsible for carrying out the powers given to the agency. . ." (*Tennessee Code Annotated 13-23-105*). This board meets regularly on a bi-monthly basis; however, some committees may meet more often as situations dictate.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include statements of net position; statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; and statements of cash flows, as well as notes to the financial statements. The statements of net position provide financial information on the overall financial position of THDA at each year end. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position summarize the results of operations over the course of each fiscal year. The statements of cash flows provide relevant information about THDA's cash receipts and cash payments during each fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

The notes to the financial statements provide essential information regarding THDA's significant accounting policies, significant account balances and activities, certain material risks, obligations, commitments, contingencies, and subsequent events.

THDA's financial statements are presented using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. In addition to the basic financial statements, required and other supplementary information is included.

THDA is also considered to be a discretely presented "component unit" for the State of Tennessee, and therefore, its financial information is reported in the State of Tennessee's government-wide *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. This report may be viewed at http://www.tn.gov/finance/article/fa-accfin-cafr

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

- Total assets decreased by \$90.1 million, or 3.5%.
- Deferred outflows of resources increased \$0.5 million, or 18.4%.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$83.1 million, or 4.1%.
- Net position was \$510.9 million. This is a decrease of \$3.4 million, or 0.7%, from fiscal year 2015.
- Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$69.3 million, or 23.0%.
- Total investments increased by \$18.4 Million, or 7.2%.
- Bonds payable decreased by \$72.7 million, or 3.67%.
- Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$3.0 million, which was related to pensions.
- THDA originated \$293.4 million in new loans, which is an increase of \$42.7 million, or 17.03%, from the prior year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY

Net Position. The following table focuses on the changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Current assets	\$ 393,675	\$ 442,792
Capital assets	1,175	512
Other noncurrent assets	 2,081,560	 2,123,193
Total assets	2,476,410	 2,566,497
Deferred outflows of resources	3,142	 2,653
Current liabilities	149,798	191,375
Noncurrent liabilities	1,817,534	1,859,097
Total liabilities	1,967,332	2,050,472
Deferred inflows of resources	1,288	 4,271
Invested in capital assets	1,175	512
Restricted net position	430,114	441,196
Unrestricted net position	79,643	72,699
Total net position	\$ 510,932	\$ 514,407

2016 to 2015

- THDA's total net position decreased by \$3.4 million because operating income was less than the amount by which nonoperating expenses exceeded nonoperating revenues.
- First and Second mortgage loans (net of allowance for forgivable second mortgages) receivable decreased by \$10.8 million. During FY 2016, single-family mortgage loan originations increased by \$42.7 million, whereas mortgage loan payoffs increased by \$27.4 million and mortgage loan repayments decreased \$2.8 million. In addition, THDA recognized an allowance for future forgiveness of forgivable second mortgages of \$4.9 million for FY 2016.
- Total liabilities decreased \$83.1 million. The decrease is primarily due to a \$72.7 million decrease of bonds payable at June 30, 2016 as compared to June 30, 2015.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

Changes in Net Position. The following table summarizes the changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position between fiscal years (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating revenues		
Mortgage interest income	\$ 90,235	\$ 96,999
Investment income	5,872	6,535
Other	 17,052	16,512
Total operating revenues	 113,159	120,046
Operating expenses		
Interest expense	62,045	66,389
Other	41,916	43,932
Total operating expenses	103,961	110,321
Operating income	9,198	9,725
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Grant revenues	269,226	307,012
Grant expenses	 (281,899)	(322,465)
Total nonoperating revenues	 _	
(expenses)	(12,673)	 (15,453)
Change in net position	\$ (3,475)	\$ (5,728)

2016 to 2015

Total operating revenues decreased \$6.9 million, primarily due to a decrease in mortgage interest income of \$6.8 million. This is due to new mortgage loan originations having lower interest rates than those associated with mortgage loan repayments.

Total operating expenses decreased \$6.3 million. This is primarily due to a bond debt strategy to use mortgage loan prepayments to call bonds on a monthly basis, as well as refunding outstanding bonds with new bonds bearing a lower interest rate.

DEBT ACTIVITY

Bonds outstanding at June 30 were as follows (expressed in thousands):

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Bonds payable	\$1,906,494	\$ 1,979,170

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Total bonds and notes payable decreased \$72.7 million, due primarily to an increase in the redemption of bonds as compared to recent fiscal years. During the fiscal year, THDA issued debt totaling \$306.9 million, with activity arising from two bond issues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

With interest rates remaining at historically low levels, THDA continued to call bonds with proceeds from mortgage repayments and prepayments. THDA refunded \$67.1 million of outstanding bonds into new bond originations with lower interest rates.

Bond Ratings

For bonds issued under the Homeownership Program Bonds, Moody's Investor Service, Inc. (Moody's) has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1, and Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P), a division of the The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

For bonds issued under the Housing Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa2. These bonds are not rated by S&P.

For bonds issued under the Residential Finance Program Bonds, Moody's has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of Aa1 and S&P has assigned THDA's bonds a rating of AA+.

There were no revisions to THDA's bond ratings during FY 2016 or FY 2015.

Debt Limits

In accordance with *Tennessee Code Annotated*, 13-23-121, THDA operates under a "debt ceiling" of \$2,930,000,000.

GRANT PROGRAMS

During FY 2007 through FY 2009, the General Assembly appropriated revenue to THDA for grant programs. Likewise, THDA's board of directors allocated additional THDA funds for grants. These funds established a grant program that was titled by the THDA as the "Tennessee Housing Trust Fund."

The four-level model for funding this grant program includes state appropriations, THDA funds, private sector investment, and matching funds from local grantees. The purpose of this grant program is to serve the needs of low and/or very low income, elderly, and special needs Tennesseans. Funding and uses for the Housing Trust Fund are as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2016

	FY 2016	FY 2015	FY 2014 and Prior	Total
Funding Sources:				
THDA	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 52,300,000	\$ 67,300,000
State Appropriation			4,350,000	4,350,000
Totals	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 56,650,000	\$ 71,650,000
Approved Uses:				
Rural repair program (USDA)	\$ -	\$ 700,000	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 6,300,000
Ramp Programs & Hsg Modification	-	150,000	1,200,000	1,350,000
Emergency Repairs	2,700,000	1,800,000	14,000,000	18,500,000
Competitive Grants	2,800,000	2,850,000	31,950,000	37,600,000
Rebuild & Recover	500,000	500,000	2,300,000	3,300,000
Other Grants	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,600,000	4,600,000
Totals	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 56,650,000	\$ 71,650,000

CURRENT MORTGAGE PRODUCTS AND ENVIRONMENT

In October of 2013, THDA made a significant change to its mortgage lending program. On October 1, 2013, the *Great Choice* and the *Great Choice Plus* loan programs were introduced and the *Great Rate*, *Great Advantage* and *Great Start* loan programs were eliminated. The *Great Choice* loan program offers THDA the opportunity to offer a more competitive interest rate on its 30 year fixed rate mortgage product while still offering down payment assistance with the addition of the *Great Choice Plus* loan program which is a second mortgage at a 0% interest rate for a term of 10 years. During fiscal year 2015, the *Great Choice Plus* loan product was modified to a forgivable second mortgage, in which 100% of the loan amount must be repaid if the home is sold or the associated first mortgage is refinanced within the first nine years of closing. Beginning in year 10, the loan is forgiven at the rate of 20% per year. The loan is fully forgiven at the end of year 15.

A special interest rate reduction on *Great Choice* loan program has been designated to ensure that qualified service men and women have access to affordable homeownership opportunities. This special offer, referred to as "*Homeownership for the Brave*", provides a 0.5% rate reduction on the current interest rate for *Great Choice* loans. In addition to the rate reduction, "*Homeownership for the Brave*" applicants are eligible for optional down payment and closing cost assistance through the *Great Choice Plus* second mortgage loan at a 0% interest rate.

All loans made or purchased by THDA are fixed-rate mortgages with a maximum loan term of 360 months (30 years), and must conform to insurer / guarantor underwriting guidelines. THDA does not make or purchase adjustable rate mortgages (ARMs), interest-only mortgages, "buydown" loans, mortgages with a future lump-sum payment due (balloon-type mortgage), or with other similar mortgage terms. THDA does not make or purchase "sub-prime" mortgage loans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

Single-family mortgage loans purchased by THDA with loan-to-value (LTV) ratios between 78% and 97% must have an acceptable insurer/guarantor, which includes:

- FHA (United States Department of Housing and Urban Development)
- VA (Veterans Administration Guaranty Program)
- USDA/RD (the United States Department of Agriculture Rural Development, formerly Farmers Home Administration)
- Private mortgage insurance

THDA will accept private mortgage insurance provided from private mortgage insurers, who are licensed by the Tennessee Commissioner of Commerce and Insurance to do business in Tennessee and are rated at least AA by Standard & Poor's Rating Group. THDA will allow privately insured loans underwritten using nationally accepted underwriting guidelines established by Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac. These loans must be approved through an automated underwriting system such as Desktop Underwriter or Loan Prospector with no expanded approvals. Such privately insured mortgage loans may have loan-to-value ratios up to and including 97% of the lesser of the purchase price or the appraised value. Loans with a 78% LTV or lower do not require mortgage insurance. A detailed chart of these mortgage loan products and primary mortgage loan terms may be obtained from THDA's internet site at https://thda.org/homebuyers/homebuyers

For the past several years, THDA has closely monitored its loan portfolio for delinquency and foreclosures. This monitoring has included analysis based on loan type (Great Choice, Great Choice Plus, Homeownership for the Brave), insurer/guarantor (FHA, VA, RECD, private mortgage insurer), mortgage loan servicer, down-payment assistance, and other factors as deemed necessary.

As of June 30, 2016, the delinquency and foreclosure rates for its single-family loan portfolio are as follows:

	Total Number of	Number of Loans		
Loan Status	Loans Serviced	in Status	Principal Amount	Percentage
60-89 Days Past Due	23,492	508	\$ 39,830,107	2.16%
90+ Days Past Due	23,492	1,503	116,348,733	6.40%
In Foreclosure	23,492	148	12,307,322	0.63%

Note: Percentage is calculated by dividing the "Number of Loans in Status" by the "Total Number of Loans Serviced."

ECONOMIC FACTORS

In accordance with THDA's investment policy, THDA typically invests in short-term and long-term fixed-rate debt securities from federal agencies. As a bench-mark, THDA uses the one-, three-, and five-year Constant Maturity Treasury (CMT) rates as established by the United States Treasury.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)
JUNE 30, 2016

The continuation of relatively low interest rates from a historic perspective increased the likelihood of negative arbitrage, in which the interest rates on THDA's bond issues exceeds the current investment interest rates. THDA monitors prepayments and bond investment yields, and seeks to reduce negative arbitrage by calling bonds with the funds from prepayments.

CONTACTING THDA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide THDA's stakeholders with a general overview of THDA's finances and to show accountability for the funds that it receives, invests, and expends. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact Trent Ridley, Chief Financial Officer at (615) 815-2012 or via e-mail at TRidley@thda.org.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$ 218,023
Investments (Note 2) Receivables:	74,211
Accounts	4,060
Interest	11,944
First mortgage loans	59,075
Due from federal government Prepaid expenses	26,361 1
Total current assets	393,675
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments (Note 2)	13,647 157,864
Investment interest receivable	1,326
Investments (Note 2)	42,653
First mortgage loans receivable Second mortgage loans receivable	1,849,432 21,326
Allowance for forgivable second mortgages	(7,808)
Advance to local government	3,107
Net pension asset (Note 6)	13
Capital assets: Furniture and equipment	2,631
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,456)
Total noncurrent assets	2,082,735
Total assets	2,476,410
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred amount on refundings Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 6)	981 2,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,142
LIABILITIES	5,142
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	9,235
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	585
Compensated absences Due to primary government	633 72
Interest payable	32,300
Escrow deposits	89
Prepayments on mortgage loans Due to federal government	1,161 1,679
Bonds payable (Note 4)	100,360
Arbitrage rebate payable	3,684
Total current liabilities	149,798
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds payable (Note 4)	1,806,134 611
Compensated absences Net pension liability (Note 6)	5,429
Net OPEB obligation (Note 10)	1,602
Escrow deposits	3,348
Arbitrage rebate payable Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>410</u> 1,817,534
Total liabilities	1,967,332
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	,,
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 6)	1,288
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,288
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for single family bond programs (Note 5 and Note 8)	1,175 417 331
Restricted for grant programs (Note 5) Restricted for grant programs (Note 5)	417,331 9,617
Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program (Note 5)	3,153
Restricted for net pension asset (Note 6)	13
Unrestricted (Note 8)	79,643
Total net position	\$ 510,932

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

OPERATING REVENUES		
Mortgage interest income	\$	90,235
Investment income: Interest		0.714
Net (decrease) in the fair value		9,714
of investments		(3,842)
Federal grant administration fees		13,346
Fees and other income	_	3,706
Total operating revenues	_	113,159
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries and benefits		15,845
Contractual services		4,989
Materials and supplies		1,233
Rentals and insurance		18 571
Other administrative expenses Other program expenses		9,683
Interest expense		62,045
Mortgage service fees		6,755
Issuance costs		2,311
Depreciation	_	511
Total operating expenses		103,961
Operating income		9,198
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants revenue		269,217
Other grants revenue		9
Federal grants expenses		(269,057)
Local grants expenses		(12,842)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	_	(12,673)
Change in net position		(3,475)
Total net position, July 1	_	514,407
Total net position, June 30	\$	510,932

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Receipts from customers	\$	417,586
Receipts from federal government	Ψ	12,862
Other miscellaneous receipts		3,706
Acquisition of mortgage loans		(293,475)
Payments to service mortgages		(6,755)
Payments to service mongages Payments to suppliers		(8,204)
Payments to or for employees		(17,046)
rayments to or for employees	,	(17,040)
Net cash provided by operating activities	•	108,674
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:		
Operating grants received		258,411
Proceeds from sale of bonds		306,902
Operating grants paid		(285,892)
Cost of issuance paid		(2,311)
Principal payments		(373,350)
Interest paid		(68,299)
morest paid	•	(00,200)
Net cash used by non-capital financing activities		(164,539)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Purchases of capital assets		(1,174)
	•	<u> </u>
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(1,174)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		332,627
Purchases of investments		(355,001)
Investment interest received		10,008
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value		
reporting and classified as cash equivalents		87
Net cash used by investing activities		(12,279)
iver cash used by investing activities		(12,213)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(69,318)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		300,988
•	•	
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	231,670
		(continued)

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	9,198
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to		
net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		511
Pension expense		566
Changes in assets and liabilities:		300
Decrease in accounts receivable		25,537
Decrease in mortgage interest receivable		1,567
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows		(1,586)
Decrease in mortgage loans receivable		10,795
(Increase) in due from federal government		(484)
Increase in accounts payable		2,673
Increase in accrued payroll /		2,010
compensated absences		121
Increase in due to primary government		1 1
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		1,291
Investment income (loss) included as operating revenue		(5,872)
Interest expense included as operating expense		62,045
Issuance cost included as operating expense		2,311
issuance cost included as operating expense		2,511
Total adjustments		99,476
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	108,674
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Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:		
Increase in fair value of investments	\$	68
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$	68
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NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Reporting Entity

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency was created by an act of the legislature (Chapter 241, Public Acts, 1973). The act was approved by the Governor on May 14, 1973. The enabling legislation can be found in *Tennessee Code Annotated*, Section 13-23-101 et seq. The purpose of the agency is to improve housing and living conditions for lower- and moderate-income persons and families in Tennessee by making loans and mortgages to qualified sponsors, builders, developers, and purchasers of low- and moderate-income family dwellings.

The agency is governed by a board of directors. The Comptroller of the Treasury, the Secretary of State, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of the Department of Finance and Administration, and a Staff Assistant to the Governor serve as *ex officio* board members of the Agency. The remaining members are appointed by the Governor, the Speaker of the State Senate, and the Speaker of the State House of Representatives. Board members are to be representatives of the housing, real estate, or home building industries; the mortgage profession; local governments; or one of the three grand divisions of the state, and must be knowledgeable about the problems of inadequate housing conditions in Tennessee. One member of the board is a resident board member as required by Section 505 of the Quality Housing and Work Responsibility Act of 1998 and 24 CFR Part 964, Subpart E. *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 13-23-101 et seq. was amended to revise the composition of the board of directors, effective July 1, 2013.

In order to accomplish its objectives, the agency is authorized to raise funds through the issuance of bonds and notes. Bonds and notes issued by the agency are not general obligations of the State of Tennessee or any of its political subdivisions, and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the state or any political subdivision is pledged for payment of the principal or interest on such bonds or notes.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency is a component unit of the State of Tennessee. Although the agency is a separate legal entity, the state appoints a majority of its governing body and approves its operating budget. The agency is discretely presented in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

b. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Certain accounting policies and procedures are stipulated in the agency's Mortgage Finance Program, Single Family Program, Homeownership Program, Housing Finance Program, and General Residential Finance Program bond resolutions and the Single Family Mortgage Notes trust indenture. The agency follows these procedures in establishing and maintaining the various funds and accounts for its programs. Revenues and expenses applicable to each fund and account are recorded therein.

c. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cashflows. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the agency's policy to use the restricted resources first. All significant interfund transactions have been eliminated.

d. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include furniture and office equipment, are defined by the agency as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets.

DescriptionEstimated LifeFurniture10 yearsComputer equipment3 years

e. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are comprised of the Debt Service Reserve Funds, Bond Reserve Funds, and Net Pension Assets (see note 6).

The bond resolutions require the agency to establish a Debt Service Reserve Fund or a Bond Reserve Fund for each bond issue. The bond resolutions require that if the Debt Service and Expense Funds or the Revenue Funds of a bond issue are not sufficient to provide for interest or principal and sinking fund requirements of that issue that funds be transferred from the Debt Service Reserve Fund or the Bond Reserve Fund to cover any deficiency.

f. Deferred Amount on Refundings and Bond Premiums and Discounts

- 1. Deferred Amounts on Refundings: The agency amortizes the deferred amount on refundings using the straight-line method.
- 2. Bond Premiums and Discounts: Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable unamortized bond premium or discount.

g. Cash and Cash Equivalents

In addition to demand deposits and deposits in the pooled investment fund administered by the State Treasurer, this classification includes short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

h. Investments

The agency has established guidelines for its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and to comply with the statutes of the State of Tennessee. Permitted investments include the following: direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations guaranteed by the U.S., public housing bonds secured by contracts with the U.S., direct and general obligations of the State of Tennessee or obligations guaranteed by the State of Tennessee, obligations of other states or instrumentalities thereof which are rated in either of the two highest rating categories by Moody's Investor Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation, interest bearing time or demand deposits, collateralized certificates of deposit in authorized state depositories, and repurchase agreements collateralized by authorized securities.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for repurchase agreements, which are reported at cost.

i. Accrual of Interest Income

Interest on first mortgage loans receivable and investment securities is credited to income as earned and classified as interest receivable.

j. Mortgages

Mortgages are carried at their original amount less collected principal.

k. Operating Revenues and Expenses

The agency was created with the authority to issue bonds to the investing public in order to create a flow of private capital through the agency into mortgage loans to certain qualified individuals and qualified housing sponsors. The agency's primary operation is to borrow funds in the bond market and issue those funds to make single-family and multi-family loans. The primary operating revenue is the interest income on outstanding mortgages and the investment income from proceeds of bonds. The primary operating expense of the agency is the interest expense on bonds outstanding. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1. Allowance for Forgivable Second Mortgages

THDA has offered Down Payment Assistance (DPA) product for several years. Beginning in October 2014, this product changed to a 0% forgivable second mortgage, loan, of which 100% of the original principal amount is repayable to THDA if the loan is repaid within ten years of the origination date. Beginning on the eleventh anniversary of the origination date, 20% of the original principal amount will be forgiven. The amount of forgiveness increases an additional 20% on the loan anniversary thereafter. On the 15th anniversary of the origination date, 100% of the original principal amount becomes forgiven. Because of the likelihood that some amount of the original principal amount will be forgiven in the course of time, an allowance account has been established for those loans that may enter the forgivable period.

m. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan and the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

a. Deposits

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the agency's deposits may not be returned.

The laws of the State of Tennessee require that collateral be pledged to secure all uninsured deposits. The agency's bond resolutions require deposits to be fully secured.

The agency's deposits are in financial institutions which participate in the bank collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer, except as noted below. The securities pledged to protect these accounts are pledged in the aggregate rather than against each individual account. The members of the pool may be required by agreement to pay an assessment to cover any deficiency. Under this additional assessment agreement, public fund accounts covered by the pool are considered to be insured for purposes of credit risk disclosure.

At June 30, 2016, the bank balance was \$3,921,135.08. All bank balances at June 30, 2016, were insured, except the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) accounts. U.S. Department of the Treasury requires the funds for the Hardest Hit Fund program to be deposited in the BNYM accounts. THDA has no obligation to ensure that the funds in the accounts are collateralized should the amount of money in the account be in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. THDA will not be responsible for a loss of the funds due to the bank's failure and the lack of adequate collateral. Of the bank balance at June 30, 2016, \$3,307,357.87 was in the BNYM. Of this amount, \$3,057,357.87 exceeded the FDIC insurance coverage. The agency has deposits in the State Pooled Investment Fund administered by the State Treasurer. The fund's investments are measured at amortized cost. The fund is not rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The fund's investment policy and required risk disclosures are presented in the *State of Tennessee Treasurer's Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.treasury.tn.gov.

b. Investments

As stated in the agency's investment policy, the "prudent man rule" shall be the standard of prudence used by all officials responsible for the investment of assets. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act in the management of his or her own affairs, with consideration of the safety of capital and the probability of income, and avoidance of speculative investments.

The agency's investment policy states that the agency's portfolios will be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The agency may invest 100% of its portfolio in U.S. government securities. A minimum of 5% of the par value of total investments must mature within five years. No more than 50% of the par value of the combined portfolios can be invested in maturities greater than 15 years without approval of the Bond Finance Committee.

Portfolio maturities shall be staggered in a way that avoids undue concentrations of assets in a specific maturity sector. Maturities shall be selected which provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity. It is the intent of this policy that sufficient investments be scheduled to mature to provide for the required liquidity for debt service and other expenditures per resolution requirements.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Duration is a measure of a debt investment's exposure to fair value changes arising from changing interest rates. It uses the present value of cash flows, weighted for those cash flows as a percentage of the investment's full price.

	June 30, 2016				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Effective Duration (Years)			
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$131,326,153	0.804			
U.S. Treasury Coupon	68,451,345	0.143			
U.S. Agency Discount	152,930,920	1.626			
Total	\$352,708,418	0.731			

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u> THDA implemented GASB Statement 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB 72 was issued to address accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. THDA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. THDA has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

		Quoted Prices in	Significant	Significant
		Active Markets	Other	Unobservable
		for Identical	Observable	Inputs
		Assets	Inputs	(Level 3)
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	
	June 30, 2016			
Assets by Fair Value Level		(Thous	sands)	
Debt securities				
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$131,326	\$-0-	\$131,326	\$-0-
U.S. Treasury Coupon	68,451	68,451	-0-	-0-
U.S. Agency Discount	152,931	-0-	152,931	-0-
Total debt securities	\$352,708	\$68,451	\$284,257	\$-0-

Assets classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for identical assets as those securities. Assets classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for similar assets as those securities. Level 3 valuations are derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

<u>Credit Risk</u> Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Refer to Note 1.h for further explanation of the agency's permitted investments. Credit quality ratings for the agency's investments as of June 30, 2016, are included in the schedules below. Securities are rated using Standard and Poor's and/or Moody's and are presented below using the Standard and Poor's rating scale.

June 30, 2016						
Investment Type	Fair Value	U.S. Treasury ¹	AAA	AA+	Not Rated ²	
U.S. Agency Coupon	\$131,326,153		\$2,615,164	128,710,989		
U.S. Treasury Coupon	68,451,345	\$68,451,345				
U.S. Agency Discount	152,930,920				152,930,920	
Total	\$352,708,418	\$68,451,345	\$2,615,164	\$128,710,989	\$152,930,920	

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the agency's investment in a single issuer.

More than 5% of the agency's investments are invested in the following single issuers:

	June 30, 2016			
<u>Issuer</u>	Fair Value % of			
	(Thousands)	<u>Portfolio</u>		
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$180,760	51.25		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	\$41,153	11.67		
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	\$59,729	16.93		

New GASB 79 Disclosures During fiscal year 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency implemented *GASB Statement 79*, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants*. The State of Tennessee, by law, requires that the Tennessee Housing Development Agency to participate in the State Pool Investment Fund (SPIF). SPIF values financial instruments at amortized cost. There are no minimum or maximum limitations on withdrawals with the exception of a 24-hour notification period for withdrawals of \$5 million or more.

¹This column includes obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government.

²This column includes securities that are implicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, but are not rated by Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

NOTE 3. ACCOUNTING CHANGE

During fiscal year 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency modified the presentation of certain mortgage loans. Prior to fiscal year 2016, mortgage loans in which a foreclosure sale had occurred was reported as a component of Accounts Receivable. Beginning in fiscal year 2016, mortgage loans in which a foreclosure sale has occurred will be reported as Current Portion, First Mortgage Loans receivable.

NOTE 4. LIABILITIES

a. Bonds Issued and Outstanding

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
<u>Series</u> HOMEOWNERSHI	<u>Maturity Range</u> IP PROGRAM BONDS	Issued <u>Amount</u>	Interest Rate (<u>Percent)</u>	Ending Balance <u>6/30/2016</u>			
2006-3	1/1/2008-7/1/2037	\$100,000	3.65 to 5.75	\$24,060			
2007-1	7/1/2008-1/1/2038	100,000	3.65 to 5.50	28,240			
2007-2	7/1/2008-7/1/2038	120,000	3.75 to 5.25	34,320			
2007-3	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.85 to 5.50	39,295			
2007-4	1/1/2009-7/1/2038	150,000	3.75 to 5.50	43,930			
2008-1	7/1/2009-1/1/2039	60,000	2.45 to 5.70	17,090			
2008-3	7/1/2009-7/1/2038	90,000	2.00 to 5.45	1,270			
2009-1	1/1/2010-7/1/2029	50,000	0.75 to 5.00	21,330			
2009-2	7/1/2010-7/1/2030	75,000	0.90 to 5.00	29,770			
2010-1	1/1/2011-7/1/2025	120,700	0.35 to 4.50	53,775			
2011-1	7/1/2012-7/1/2042	141,255	0.60 to 4.65	85,930			
2012-1	1/1/2013-7/1/2042	133,110	0.80 to 4.50	85,660			
2012-2	7/1/2013-7/1/2043	97,625	0.50 to 4.00	68,845			
Total Homeownershi	ip Program Bonds	\$1,387,690		\$533,515			
Plus: Unamortized B	ond Premiums			4,444			
Less: Unamortized B	Bond Discount			(42)			
Net Homeownership	\$537,917						

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
			Interest	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2016			
HOUSING FINANC	E PROGRAM BONDS	5					
2009-A	1/1/2011-1/1/2040	\$100,000	0.90 to 4.625	\$14,725			
2010-A	1/1/2011-7/1/2041	160,000	0.60 to 5.00	23,170			
2010-B	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	60,835			
2011-A	7/1/2011-7/1/2041	100,000	0.45 to 4.50	17,835			
2011-B	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.25 to 4.50	64,995			
2011-C	7/1/2012-7/1/2041	100,000	0.40 to 4.30	64,395			
2015-A	1/1/2016-7/1/2045	150,000	0.30 to 3.85	143,050			
Total Housing Finance	e Program Bonds	\$810,000		\$389,005			
Plus: Unamortized Bo	ond Premiums			4,409			
Net Housing Finance	Program Bonds			\$393,414			

BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Thousands)							
(Thousands)							
			Interest	Ending			
		Issued	Rate	Balance			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)	6/30/2016			
RESIDENTIAL FIL							
2013-1	1/1/2014-7/1/2043	\$215,905	0.40 to 4.00	\$148,735			
2013-2	7/1/2014-7/1/2043	121,300	0.45 to 4.65	94,435			
2014-1	1/1/2015-7/1/2039	150,000	0.32 to 4.00	129,860			
2014-2	7/1/2015-7-1-2045	150,000	0.25 to 4.00	135,780			
2015-1	1/1/2016-7/1/2045	150,000	0.50 to 4.05	144,290			
2015-2	7/1/2016-1/1/2046	175,000	0.40 to 4.00	175,000			
2016-1	1/1/2017-1/1/2047	125,000	0.625 to 3.50	125,000			
Total Residential Fin	ance Program Bonds	\$1,087,205		\$953,100			
Plus: Unamortized I	Bond Premiums			22,063			
Net Residential Finan	nce Program Bonds			\$975,163			
Net Total All Issues				\$1,906,494			

<u>Housing Finance Program Bonds</u> The Housing Finance Program Bonds were established on December 23, 2009, to allow the agency to participate in the U.S. Department of Treasury New Issue Bond Program (NIBP), which was created to assist state and local housing finance agencies in acquiring cost-effective mortgage loan capital. THDA could release funds from issue 2009-B up to six times before December 31, 2011.

The first release and conversion from 2009-B was on June 17, 2010, in the amount of \$85,290,000. The \$85,290,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-A bonds in the amount of \$74,710,000 for a total of \$160,000,000.

The second release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 10, 2010, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2010-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The third release and conversion from 2009-B was on April 14, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-A bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fourth release and conversion from 2009-B was on August 25, 2011, in the amount of \$60,000,000. The \$60,000,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-B bonds in the amount of \$40,000,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

The fifth and final release and conversion from 2009-B was on November 3, 2011, in the amount of \$34,710,000. The \$34,710,000 was blended with the market rate 2011-C bonds in the amount of \$65,290,000 for a total of \$100,000,000.

b. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements to maturity at June 30, 2016, are as follows (expressed in thousands):

For the			
Year(s) Ending			Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	Requirements
2017	\$36,555	\$65,913	\$102,468
2018	62,810	65,922	128,732
2019	65,295	64,018	129,313
2020	66,785	61,979	128,764
2021	71,065	59,768	130,833
2022 - 2026	369,900	260,532	630,432
2027 - 2031	343,540	194,038	537,578
2032 - 2036	367,480	125,252	492,732
2037 - 2041	325,135	60,915	386,050
2042 - 2046	167,055	13,778	180,833
	_	_	
Total	\$1,875,620	\$972,115	\$2,847,735

c. Redemption of Bonds and Notes

During the year ended June 30, 2016, bonds were retired at par before maturity in the Homeownership Program in the amount of \$70,935,000, in the Housing Finance Program in the amount of \$84,975,000, and in the Residential Finance Program in the amount of \$26,440,000. The respective carrying values of the bonds were \$71,940,410,

\$85,625,000 and \$27,205,277. This resulted in revenue to the Homeownership Program of \$1,005,410 to the Housing Finance Program of \$650,069, and to the Residential Finance Program of \$765,277.

On June 11, 2016, the agency issued \$150,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2015-1. On January 1, 2016, the agency used \$27,395,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$27,395,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$27,395,000. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$12,273,421 over the next 20.0 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$4,089,664.

On October 15, 2015, the agency issued \$175,000,000 in Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2015-2. On January 1, 2016, the agency used \$43,070,000 of these bonds to refund bonds previously issued in the Homeownership Program (this amount consists of \$43,070,000 early redemption). The carrying amount of these bonds was \$43,184,624. The refunding reduced the agency's debt service by \$17,407,979 over the next 20.0 years, and the agency realized an economic gain (the difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$5,246,191.

d. Long-term Liability Activity

The following table is a summary of the long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Long-term Liabilities (Thousands)									
Beginning Ending Amounts Balance Balance Due Within July 1, 2015 Additions Reductions June 30, 2016 One Year ³									
Bonds Payable	\$1,948,970	\$300,000	(\$373,350)	\$1,875,620	\$100,360				
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premiums	30,333	6,897	(6,314)	30,916	-0-				
Less: Unamortized Bond Discounts	(133)	-0-	91	(42)	-0-				
Compensated Absences	1,207	129	(92)	1,244	633				
Net Pension Liability	2,964	4,176	(1,711)	5,429	-0-				
Escrow Deposits	2,553	2,322	(1,438)	3,437	89				
Arbitrage Rebate Payable	2,803	1,291	(-0-)	4,094	3,684				
Total	\$1,988,697	\$314,815	(\$382,814)	\$1,920,698	\$104,766				

³Amounts due within one year include management authorized bond refundings at June 30.

NOTE 5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The amount shown on the statement of net position as Restricted for Single Family Bond Programs is contractually pledged, under the bond resolutions of the agency, to the owners of the bonds issued under such bond resolutions. As pledged assets, the contractual provisions of the bond resolutions restrict the use of such assets. However, the assets may be removed from the lien of the bond resolutions if certain parity tests, as established by the respective bond resolutions, are satisfied. Assets removed from the lien of the respective bond resolutions may be used for other purposes.

The amount shown as Restricted for Grant Programs represents unexpended grant money that has been awarded to grantees through various grant programs administered by the agency.

The amount shown as Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan Program represents the amount of net position restricted for a pilot program that funds zero interest loans for down payment and closing costs. The use of this net position is restricted under legislation enacted in fiscal year 1986.

NOTE 6. PENSION PLANS

a. Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

<u>Plan description</u> State employees and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. This plan is a component of the Public Employee Retirement Plan, an agent, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan stopped accepting new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, a new agent defined benefit retirement plan, the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, became effective for state employees and higher education employees hired on or after July 1, 2014.

The TCRS was created by state statute under Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated*. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the

plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

<u>Benefits provided</u> Title 8, Chapters 34-37, *Tennessee Code Annotated* establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined using the following formula:

Average of Member's Highest				Years		
Compensation for 5 Consecutive	₹7	1.50%	4 7	of Service	3 7	105%
Years (up to Social Security	X	1.50%	X	Service	X	10370
Integration Level)				Credit		
Plus:						
Average of Member's Highest				Years		
Compensation for 5 Consecutive		1.75%		of		1050/
Years (over Social Security	X	1./3%	X	of Service	X	105%
Integration Level)				Credit		

A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

<u>Contributions</u> Contributions for state employees and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Tennessee Housing Development Agency employees are non-contributory, as are most members in the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan. State and higher education agencies make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the Closed State and Higher Education

Employee Pension Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2016 to the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan were \$1,539,003 which is 15.03 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Pension liability</u> At June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported a liability of \$5,428,475 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of Tennessee Housing Development Agency's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2015 to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2015 measurement date, Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion was 0.421046 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2014 was 0.429581

<u>Pension expense</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension expense of \$554,977. Allocated pension expense was \$583,722 before being reduced by \$28,745 due to a change in proportionate share.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 574,421	\$	470,017
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan			
investments	_		697,846
Changes in proportion	_		114,978
Tennessee Housing Development			
Agency contributions subsequent			
to the measurment date of June			
30, 2015	1,539,003		_
Total	\$ 2,113,424	\$	1,282,841
Total	\$ 2,113,424	\$	1,282,841

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from Tennessee Housing Development Agency's employer contributions of \$1,539,003 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2017	\$ (438,708.49)
2018	(438,708.49)
2019	(438,708.49)
2020	607,705.99
2021	-
Thereafter	-

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> The total pension liability as of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on

age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Cost-of Living Adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

<u>Discount rate</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

				Current		
	1	% Decrease (6.5%)	Dis	scount Rate (7.5%)	19	% Increase (8.5%)
Tennessee Housing		(515 / 5)		(1.277)		(0.07.7)
Development Agency's						
proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	12,719,744	\$	5,428,475	\$	(716,661)

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report at www.treasury.tn.gov/tcrs.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported a payable of \$128,363 for the outstanding amount of legally required contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2016.

b. State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description State and higher education employees with membership in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) before July 1, 2014 are provided with pensions through the Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. TCRS is a multiple-employer pension plan. The Closed State and Higher Education Employee Pension Plan was closed effective June 30, 2014 and covers employees hired before July 1, 2014. Employees hired after June 30, 2014 are provided with pensions through a legally separate plan referred to as the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, an agent plan within the Public Employee Retirement Plan administered by the TCRS. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37.

Benefits provided Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly. Members of the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are eligible to retire at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Members are entitled to receive unreduced service retirement benefits, which are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation by 1.0 percent multiplied by member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 80 in which the member's age and service credit total 80. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria.

Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLA, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions Contributions for state and higher education employees are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Employees contribute 5 percent of salary. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency makes employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent for all aggregate employee groups, except for in years when the maximum funded level, approved by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. By law, employer contributions for the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan are required to be paid. Employer contributions by Tennessee Housing Development Agency for the year ended June 30, 2016 to the State and Higher Education Employee Retirement Plan were \$46,706 which is 2.81 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate is 3.87% of covered payroll except for any salaries derived from Federal funds where the employer rate is 2.00%. The

employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

<u>Pension asset</u> At June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported an asset of \$12,713 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of Tennessee Housing Development Agency's contributions during the year ended June 30, 2015 to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating state and higher education agencies. At the June 30, 2015 measurement date, Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportion was 0.457171 percent, representing the first time presentation of this proportion.

<u>Pension expense</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA) recognized a pension expense of \$10,546.

<u>Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources</u> For the year ended June 30, 2016, Tennessee Housing Development Agency reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
\$ _	\$	4,730
737		_
 46,706		_
\$ 47,443	\$	4,730
0	of Resources \$ - 737 46,706	of Resources \$ - \$ 737 46,706

Deferred outflows of resources, resulting from Tennessee Housing Development Agency's employer contributions of \$46,706 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other

amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:

2017	\$ (407)
2018	(407)
2019	(407)
2020	(407)
2021	(591)
Thereafter	(1,774)

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> The total pension asset as of the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases Graded salary ranges from 8.97 to 3.71 percent based on

age, including inflation, averaging 4.25 percent

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Cost-of Living Adjustment 2.5 percent

Mortality rates were customized based on the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2012 actuarial experience study by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 25-year historical return of the TCRS at June 30, 2012, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2012 using the TCRS investment policy asset allocation, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment

expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Four sources of capital market projections were blended and utilized in the third technique. The blended capital market projection established the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 3 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term	
	Expected Real	Target
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Allocation
U.S. equity	6.46%	33%
Developed market international equity	6.26%	17%
Emerging market international equity	6.40%	5%
Private equity and strategic lending	4.61%	8%
U.S. fixed income	0.98%	29%
Real estate	4.73%	7%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.5 percent based on a blending of the three factors described above.

<u>Discount rate</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all state and higher education agencies will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate
The following presents Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what Tennessee Housing Development Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (6.5%)	Current Discount Rate (7.5%)		1% Increase (8.5%)
Tennessee Housing		_		· -	
Development Agency's					
proportionate share of the net					
pension liability (asset)	\$	(4,995)	\$ (12,713)	\$	(18,490)

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2016, THDA reported a payable of \$13,189 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required at the year ended June 30, 2016.

c. Total Defined Benefit Pension Expense

The total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 for both defined benefit pension plans was \$565,523.

NOTE 7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency, through the State of Tennessee, offers employees two deferred compensation plans, one established pursuant to IRC, Section 457 and the other pursuant to IRC, Section 401(k). The plans are outsourced to third party vendors and the administrative costs assessed by the vendors of these plans are the responsibility of plan Section 401(k) and Section 457 plan assets remain the property of the contributing employees; therefore, they are not presented in the accompanying financial statements. IRC Sections 401(k), and 457 establish participation, contribution, and withdrawal provisions for the plans. Participation in the 457 plan is voluntary for employees. The Tennessee Housing Development Agency provides up to a \$50 monthly employer match for employees who participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Employees hired before July 1, 2014 voluntarily participate in the state's 401(k) plan. Pursuant to Public Chapter No. 259 of Public Acts of 2013, employees hired after June 30, 2014, are automatically enrolled in the state's 401(k) plan and contribute 2% of their salary with the employer contributing an additional nonmatching 5%. Employees may opt out of the 2% auto enrollment. Such contribution rates may only be amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. There are certain automatic cost controls and unfunded liability controls in the defined benefit plan where the employees participate that may impact the non-matching 5% employer contribution to the 401(k) plan.

Employees are immediately vested in both the employee and employer contributions in both plans. The IRC establishes maximum limits that an employee can contribute to these plans. The employee may increase, decrease, or stop contributions at any time for either plan.

The Tennessee Housing Development Agency recognized a pension expense of \$186,417 for employer contributions.

NOTE 8. PROVISIONS FOR MORTGAGE LOAN LOSSES

Most mortgage loans are insured by the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) or an approved private mortgage insurance company, or are guaranteed by the Department of Veterans Affairs. The agency's board of directors has established a loan loss reserve of \$750,000 as a provision for potential loan losses arising from participation in the Rural Economic and Community Development (RECD) Loan Guarantee Program. An additional \$232,000 was established as a loan loss reserve against potential losses on loans not specifically covered by one of the above programs, and \$500,000 was established as a loan loss reserve for self-insurance of second mortgages.

Since the amount of net position restricted for single-family bond programs exceeds the amounts necessary for these loan loss reserves, it is not necessary to designate unrestricted net position for this purpose.

NOTE 9. INSURANCE-RELATED ACTIVITIES

a. Commercial Insurance

The agency carries commercial insurance for risks of loss related to employee dishonesty; general liability protection; and theft of, damage to, or destruction of real and personal property. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

b. Risk Management Fund

It is the policy of the state not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks associated with casualty losses for general liability, automobile liability, professional medical malpractice, and workers' compensation. The state's management believes it is more economical to manage these risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement in its internal service fund, the Risk Management Fund. The state purchases commercial insurance for real property and crime and fidelity coverage on the state's officials and employees, and cyber liability coverage. For property coverage, the deductible for an individual state agency is the first \$25,000 of losses. The Risk Management Fund is responsible for property losses for the annual aggregate deductible of \$7.5 million for perils other than earthquakes and flood. Purchased insurance coverage is responsible for losses exceeding the \$7.5 million annual aggregate deductible. For earthquake and flood, there

is a deductible of \$10 million per occurrence. The maximum insurance coverage is \$750 million per year for perils other than earthquake and flood. The maximum flood insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence, except there is only \$25 million of coverage in flood zones A and V. The maximum earthquake insurance coverage is \$50 million per occurrence. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the three past fiscal years.

The agency participates in the Risk Management Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on a percentage of the agency's expected loss costs, which include both experience and exposures. This charge considers recent trends in actual claims experience of the state as a whole. An actuarial valuation is performed as of fiscal year-end to determine the fund liability and premium allocation. Information regarding the determination of the claims liabilities and the changes in the balances of the claims liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2016, is presented in the Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The CAFR is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml. Since the agency participates in the Risk Management Fund, it is subject to the liability limitations under the provisions of the Tennessee Claims Commission Act, Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 9-8-101 et seq. Liability for negligence of the agency for bodily injury and property damage is limited to \$300,000 per person and \$1,000,000 per occurrence. The limits of liability under workers' compensation are set forth in Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 50-6-101 et seq. Claims are paid through the state's Risk Management Fund. At June 30, 2016, the Risk Management Fund held \$142.9 million in cash designated for payment of claims

c. Employee Group Insurance Fund

The state has also set aside assets in the Employee Group Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, to provide a program of health insurance coverage for the employees of the state with the risk retained by the state. The agency participates in the Employee Group Insurance Fund. The fund allocates the cost of providing claims servicing and claims payment by charging a premium to the agency based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims, including the cost of claims that have been reported but not settled and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Employees and providers have 13 months to file medical claims.

NOTE 10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Healthcare is the only other postemployment benefit (OPEB) provided to employees. The State of Tennessee administers a group health insurance program which provides postemployment health insurance benefits to eligible THDA retirees. This program includes two plans - the State

Employee Group Plan and the Medicare Supplement Plan. For accounting purposes, the plans are agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Benefits are established and amended by an insurance committee created by *Tennessee Code Annotated* Section 8-27-201. Prior to reaching the age of 65, members have the option of choosing between the standard or partnership preferred provider organization (PPO) plan for healthcare benefits. Subsequent to age 65, members who are also in the state's retirement system may participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan. That plan does not include pharmacy. Any employee hired on or after July 1, 2015 is not eligible to continue insurance coverage at retirement in either the Employee Group Plan or the Medicare Supplement Plan. The plans are reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

<u>Special Funding Situation</u> - The State of Tennessee is legally responsible for contributions to the Medicare Supplement Plan that covers the retirees of other governmental entities, including the Tennessee Housing Development Agency (see Note 11). The state is the sole contributor for the THDA retirees that participate in the Medicare Supplement Plan and, therefore, is acting as the employer.

Funding Policy - The premium requirements of plan members of the State Employment Group Plan are established and may be amended by the insurance committee. The plans are self-insured and financed on a pay-as-you-go basis with the risk shared equally among the participants. Claims liabilities of the plan are periodically computed using actuarial and statistical techniques to establish premium rates. Administrative costs of the plan are allocated to plan participants. In accordance with Section 8-27-205(b), *Tennessee Code Annotated*, retirees in the State Employee Group Plan who have not reached the age of 65 pay the same base premium as active employees in the plan, adjusted for years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service pay 20% of the total premium. Retirees with 25 but less than 30 years of service pay 30% of the total premium. Retirees with less than 20 years of service pay 40% of the total premium. Retirees 65 years of age or older are provided flat-rate premium subsidies, based on years of service. Retirees with 30 years of service service \$50 per month; retirees with 25 but less than 30 years of service, \$37.50; and retirees with 15 but less than 20 years of service, \$25.

THDA Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation State Employee Group Plan (Thousands)

June 30, 2016

Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$341
Interest on the Net OPEB Obligation	57
Adjustment to the ARC	(57)
Annual OPEB cost	341
Amount of contribution	(255)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	86
Net OPEB Obligation-beginning of year	1,516
Net OPEB Obligation-end of year	\$1,602

Year End	<u>Plan</u>	OPE	nual B Cost <u>isands)</u>			OPEB gation ear End ousands)
6/30/2016	State Employee Group Plan	\$	341	74%	\$	1,602
6/30/2015	State Employee Group Plan	\$	357	71%	\$	1,516
6/30/2014	State Employee Group Plan	\$	346	68%	\$	1,413

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> The funded status of THDA's portion of the State Employee Group Plan as of July 1, 2015, was as follows (thousands):

Actuarial valuation date	7/01/2015
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 2,923
Actuarial value of plan assets	-0-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 2,923
Actuarial value of assets as a % of the AAL	0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 10,046
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	29%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and probability assumptions far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the

actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with that perspective, actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation for the Employee Group Plan, the Projected Unit Credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 3.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5% initially. The rate decreases to 6% in fiscal year 2016, and then reduces by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.7% in fiscal year 2050. All rates include a 2.5% inflation assumption. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis over a 30-year period beginning with July 1, 2007. Payroll is assumed to grow at a rate of 3 percent.

NOTE 11. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the State of Tennessee made payments of \$6,488 on behalf of THDA for retirees participating in the Medicare Supplement Plan, The Medicare Supplement Plan is a postemployment benefit healthcare plan and is discussed further in Note 10. The plan is reported in the *Tennessee Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*. That report is available on the state's website at www.tn.gov/finance/act/cafr.shtml.

NOTE 12. PAYMENTS TO PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

From time to time, the State of Tennessee has called upon the agency and its resources, together with resources of other departments, agencies, and organizations in state government, to provide funds to the State General Fund to balance the state budget. The following is a description of these occurrences in relationship to the agency. On June 30, 1995, \$15,000,000 from the agency's Housing Program Reserve Fund was transferred to the State General Fund. On June 30, 1998, \$43,000,000 was transferred from the agency to the State General Fund. The \$43,000,000 transferred from the agency came from the following resources of the agency: (i) \$15,459,157 from tax revenues previously directed to the Housing Program Fund; (ii) \$5,028,761 from the Housing Program Reserve Fund; and (iii) \$22,512,082 from the Assets Fund. On June 30, 2002, a transfer from the agency to the primary government in the

amount of \$35,367,449 was made from the Assets Fund for the sole purpose of meeting the requirements of funding the operations of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2002.

NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- **a.** Residential Finance Program Bonds, Issue 2016-3, were authorized by the Board of directors on September 20, 2016, not to exceed \$66,165,000. The sale of the Bonds will occur no later than December 31, 2016.
- **b.** Residential Finance Bonds, Issue 2016-2, were sold on October 18, 2016. The bond maturities are as follow:

BONDS ISSUED (Thousands)						
			Interest			
		Issued	Rate			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	Amount	(Percent)			
2016-2	7/1/2017-1/1/2047	\$125,000	0.720 to 3.500			

c. Residential Finance Bonds, Issue 2016-3, were sold on November 17, 2016. The bond maturities are as follow:

BONDS ISSUED (Thousands)						
Interest						
		Issued	Rate			
<u>Series</u>	Maturity Range	<u>Amount</u>	(Percent)			
2016-3	7/1/2017-7/1/2031	\$62,000	1.000 to 3.500			

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

	THDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Asset	THDA;s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset	THDA's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Asset
2016	0.457171%	\$ 13	498	2.60%	142.55%

^{*}To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CLOSED STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS (Expressed in Thousands)

_	THDA's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	THDA's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	THDA's Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2016	0.421046%	\$ 5,429	\$ 10,994	49.38%	91.26%
2015	0.429581%	2,964	11,601	25.55%	95.11%

^{*}To correspond with the measurement date, the amounts presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of informjamation is available

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY'S CONTRIBUTIONS STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

(Expressed in Thousands)

	Contr Dete	DA's actually rmined ibutions	Control Re Cor De	'HDA's ributions in elation to attractually termined attribution	Contribu Deficie (Exces	ncy	(ГНDА;s Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of THDA's Covered Payroll	
2016	\$	47	\$	47	\$	-	\$	1,661	2.81%	
2015		19		19		_		498	3.82%	

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY'S CONTRIBUTIONS CLOSED STATE AND HIGHER EDUCATION EMPLOYEE PENSION PLAN WITHIN TCRS

(Expressed in Thousands)

	THDA's Contractually Determined Contributions	THDA's Contributions in Relation to Contractually Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	THDA's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of THDA's Covered Payroll
2016	\$ 1,539	\$ 1,539	\$ -	\$ 10,240	15.03%
2015	1,652	1,652	-	10,994,	15.03%
2014	1,744	1,744	-	11,601	15.03%
2013	1,693	1,693	-	11,264	15.03%
2012	1,632	1,632	-	10,946	14.91%
2011	1,586	1,586	-	10,637	14.91%
2010	1,295	1,295	-	9,946	13.02%
2009	1,201	1,201	-	9,224	13.02%
2008	1,297	1,297	-	9,522	13.62%
2007	1,175	1,175	-	8,627	13.62%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST EMPLOYEE BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS (Expressed in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation		Val	uarial ue of sets	of Liability (AAL)			nfunded AAL JAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
Date	Plan	((a)		(b)	(b-a)		(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
7/1/2011	State Employee Group Plan State Employee	\$	-0-	\$	2,919	\$	2,919	0%	\$ 9,818	30%
7/1/2013	Group Plan State Employee	\$	-0-	\$	2,964	\$	2,964	0%	\$ 9,841	30%
7/1/2015	Group Plan	\$	-0-	\$	2,923	\$	2,923	0%	\$10,046	29%

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group	Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	-	Housing Finance Program Bonds	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
ASSETS Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents \$ Investments	2,897	\$ 11,071 6,594	\$ 78,576 10,594	\$	31,284 9,395	\$ 94,195 47,628	\$	218,023 74,211
Receivables: Accounts	232	359	2,235		537	697		4,060
Interest First mortgage loans	-	29 1,949	4,522 23,393		3,021 9,990	4,372 23,743		11,944 59,075
Due from federal government	26,361	-	-		-	-		26,361
Due from other funds Prepaid expenses	2,189 1	-	-		-	-		2,189 1
Total current assets	31,680	20,002	119,320	_	54,227	170,635	_	395,864
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	3,299	-	4,278		3,443	2,627		13,647
Investments	-	-	105,430 1,186		17,991	34,443 107		157,864 1,326
Investment Interest receivable Investments	-	7,474	501		33 1,799	32,879		42,653
First mortgage loans receivable	717	46,066	562,052		372,924	867,673		1,849,432
Second mortgage loans receivable	-	-	21,326					21,326
Allowance for forgivable second mortgage Advance to local government	3,107	-	(7,808)		-	-		(7,808) 3,107
Net pension asset	13	-	-		-	-		13
Capital assets: Furniture and equipment	2,631	-	-		-	-		2,631
Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	(1,456) 8,311	53,540	686,965	-	396.190	937,729	-	(1,456) 2,082,735
Total assets	39,991	73,542	806,285	-	450,417	1,108,364	-	2,478,599
	33,331	13,342	000,200	-	430,417	1,100,304	-	2,470,333
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred amount on refundings	_	_	222		_	759		981
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,161			_	-		_	2,161
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,161	-	222		-	759		3,142
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	9,217	2	12		-	4		9,235
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	585	-	-		-	-		585
Investments purchased Compensated absences	633	-	-			-		633
Due to primary government	72	-	-		-	-		72
Interest payable	-	-	11,236		6,596	14,468		32,300
Escrow deposits	-	89	399		- 196	- 566		89
Prepayments on mortgage loans Due to federal government	1.679	-	399		190	-		1,161 1,679
Due to other funds	· -	-	2,065		-	124		2,189
Bonds payable Arbitrage rebate payable	-	-	52,870		17,295	30,195		100,360
0 1 7			3,684	-			-	3,684
Total current liabilities	12,186	91	70,266	-	24,087	45,357	-	151,987
Noncurrent liabilities: Bonds payable	_	_	485,047		376,119	944,968		1,806,134
Compensated absences	611	-			-	-		611
Net pension liability	5,429	-	-		-	-		5,429
Net OPEB obligation Escrow deposits	1,602 336	509	-		-	2,503		1,602 3,348
Arbitrage rebate payable			410	_			_	410
Total noncurrent liabilities	7,978	509	485,457	-	376,119	947,471	_	1,817,534
Total liabilities	20,164	600	555,723	-	400,206	992,828	-	1,969,521
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,288	-	-		-	-		1,288
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,288			_			_	1,288
NET POSITION				_			_	
Net investment in capital assets	1,175	-	-		-	-		1,175
Restricted for single family bond programs	-	41 0.617	250,784		50,211	116,295		417,331
Restricted for grant programs Restricted for Homebuyers Revolving Loan	3,153	9,617 -	-		-	-		9,617 3,153
Restricted for net pension asset	13	-	-		-	-		13
Unrestricted	16,359	63,284		-	-		-	79,643
Total net position \$	20,700	\$ 72,942	\$ 250,784	\$	50,211	\$ 116,295	\$	510,932

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operating Group		Mortgage Finance Program	Home- ownership Program Bonds	Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES								
Mortgage interest income	\$ 11	\$	51	\$ 34,588	\$ 19,159	\$	36,426	\$ 90,235
Investment income:								
Interest	38		200	6,847	618		2,011	9,714
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments			(129)	(3,519)	126		(320)	(3,842)
Federal grant administration fees	13,346		(129)	(3,319)	120		(320)	13,346
Fees and other income	2,753		_	_	_		953	3,706
Total operating revenues	16,148		122	37,916	19,903		39,070	113,159
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and benefits	15,845		-	-	-		_	15,845
Contractual services	4,976		-	-	-		13	4,989
Materials and supplies	1,233		-	-	-		-	1,233
Rentals and insurance	18		-	-	-	-	-	18
Other administrative expenses	571		-	-	-		-	571
Other program expenses	323		65	7,993	158		1,144	9,683
Interest expense	-		-	23,713	13,456		24,876	62,045
Mortgage service fees	-		92	2,260	1,436		2,967	6,755
Issuance costs Depreciation	511		-	-	-		2,311	2,311 511
Depreciation							-	311
Total operating expenses	23,477		157	33,966	15,050		31,311	103,961
Operating income (loss)	(7,329)		(35)	3,950	4,853		7,759	9,198
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Federal grants revenue	269,217		-	-	-		-	269,217
Other grant revenue	-		9	-	-		-	9
Federal grants expenses	(269,057)		-	-	-		-	(269,057)
Local grants expenses	(12,842)						<u> </u>	(12,842)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(12,682)		9				-	(12,673)
Income (loss) before transfers	(20,011)		(26)	3,950	4,853		7,759	(3,475)
Transfers (to) other funds	-		-	(42,180)	-		-	(42,180)
Transfers from other funds	19,351		6,517		8,831		7,481	42,180
Change in net position	(660)		6,491	(38,230)	13,684		15,240	(3,475)
Total net position, July 1	21,360		66,451	289,014	36,527		101,055	514,407
Total net position, June 30	\$ 20,700	\$	72,942	\$ 250,784	\$ 50,211	\$	116,295	\$ 510,932

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

	Operatin Group	g 	Mortgage Finance Program		Home- ownership Program Bonds		Housing Finance Program Bonds		General Residential Finance Program Bonds	-	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:	c	•	0.040	Φ	044.450	Φ	00.000	Φ.	440.045	Φ	447.500
Receipts from customers	\$	- \$	3,210	\$	211,158	\$	92,903	\$	110,315	\$	417,586
Receipts from federal government	12,86		-		-		-		-		12,862
Receipts from other funds	1,29		-		-		-		-		1,299
Other miscellaneous receipts	2,75	3	(0.007)		(40.004)		-		953		3,706
Acquisition of mortgage loans		-	(2,627)		(16,894)		- (4.400)		(273,954)		(293,475)
Payments to service mortgages	/	-	(92)		(2,260)		(1,436)		(2,967)		(6,755)
Payments to suppliers	(4,98	U)	(65)		(1,800)		(179)		(1,180)		(8,204)
Payments to other funds		-	-		-		-		(1,299)		(1,299)
Payments to or for employees	(17,04	6)								-	(17,046)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(5,11	2)	426		190,204		91,288	•	(168,132)	-	108,674
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:											
Operating grants received	258.40	3	8		-		-		-		258.411
Transfers in (out)	19,35	1	6,517		4,178		8,831		(38,877)		· -
Proceeds from sale of bonds	-,	_			, - -		-		306,902		306,902
Operating grants paid	(285,89	2)	_		_		_		-		(285,892)
Cost of issuance paid	(,		_		_		_		(2,311)		(2,311)
Principal payments		-	_		(210,520)		(85,445)		(77,385)		(373,350)
Interest paid		_			(30,732)		(13,674)		(23,893)	_	(68,299)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(8,13	8)	6,525		(237,074)	-	(90,288)	,	164,436	-	(164,539)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:											
Purchases of capital assets	(1,17	4)			-		-			-	(1,174)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(1,17	4)							-	_	(1,174)
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		-	18,199		153,221		33,007		200,972		405,399
Purchases of investments		-	(27,712)		(137,209)		(40,381)		(222,471)		(427,773)
Investment interest received	3	В	205		7,057		685		2,023		10,008
Increase in fair value of investments subject to fair value											
reporting and classified as cash equivalents		_			39		18		30	-	87
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	3	8_	(9,308)		23,108		(6,671)		(19,446)	_	(12,279)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(14,38	6)	(2,357)		(23,762)		(5,671)		(23,142)		(69,318)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	20,58	,	13,428		106,616		40,398		119,964		300,988
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 6,19	6 \$	11,071	\$	82,854 (cor	\$ ntinu	34,727 ed)	\$	96,822	\$	231,670

TENNESSEE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS (cont.) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016 (Expressed in Thousands)

Reconciliation of operating income to	(Operating Group	-	Mortgage Finance Program	-	Home- ownership Program Bonds	_	Housing Finance Program Bonds	-	General Residential Finance Program Bonds	_	Totals
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	(7,329)	\$_	(35)	\$	3,950	\$_	4,853	\$	7,759	\$_	9,198
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to												
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:												
Depreciation		511		-		-		-		-		511
Pension expense		566		_		-		-		-		566
Changes in assets and liabilities:												
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(229)		85		13,102		9,722		2,857		25,537
(Increase) decrease in mortgage interest receivable		21		25		1,723		578		(780)		1,567
(Increase) in deferred pension outflows		(1,586)		-				-		` -		(1,586)
(Increase) decrease in mortgage loans receivable		133		395		149,884		63,483		(203,100)		10,795
(Increase) in due from federal government		(484)		-		-		-		-		(484)
Decrease in interfund receivables		1,299		-		-		-		-		1,299
(Decrease) in interfund payables		-		-		-		-		(1,299)		(1,299)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,902		27		(131)		(60)		935		2,673
Increase in accrued payroll /												
compensated absences		121		-		-		-		-		121
Increase in due to primary government		1		-		-		-		-		1
Increase in arbitrage rebate liability		-		-		1,291		-		-		1,291
Investment income included as operating revenue		(38)		(71)		(3,328)		(744)		(1,691)		(5,872)
Interest expense included as operating expense		-		-		23,713		13,456		24,876		62,045
Issuance cost included as operating expense		-		-		-		-		2,311		2,311
Total adjustments	_	2,217	_	461		186,254	_	86,435	-	(175,891)	_	99,476
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(5,112)	\$_	426	\$	190,204	\$_	91,288	\$	(168,132)	\$_	108,674
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:												
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	\$	-	\$_	6	\$	559	\$_	(220)	\$	(277)	\$_	68
Total noncash investing, capital, and financing activities	\$		\$	6	\$	559	\$	(220)	\$	(277)	\$	68