

Annual Action Plan
Fiscal Year 2017-18

For Housing and Community Development Programs

Year 3







State of Tennessee Annual Action Plan FY 2017-18

Executive Summary

AP-05 Executive Summary - 24 CFR 91.200(c), 91.220(b)

1. Introduction

The Annual Action Plan serves as the State of Tennessee's annual application to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) for the funding of HUD's five formula grant programs: Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF), and Housing Opportunities for Persons Living with AIDS (HOPWA) Program. The Fiscal Year (FY) 2017-18 Action Plan describes actions on behalf of the State of Tennessee to administer and implement the Consolidated Plan grant programs during the State Fiscal Year beginning July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018.

The names of the grant programs, the administering state agencies, and the FY 2017-18 allocations are as follows:

- National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF) administered by Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA), allocation: \$3,160,279
- Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) administered by the Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development (ECD), allocation: \$24,977,133
- HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) administered by Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA), allocation: \$9,582,153
- Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) administered by Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA), allocation: \$3,640,860
- Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) Program administered by the Tennessee
 Department of Health (DOH), allocation: \$1,097,514

The Annual Action Plan describes the amounts and source of the five formula grant funds expected to be made available during FY 2017-18 and discusses the methods by which funds will be distributed to eligible applicants by the administering agencies. Funds are made available either through a competitive grant process, through a formula basis, or in some cases, both. Also discussed are other federal and nonfederal resources administered by THDA and include: Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program, Section 8 Contract Administration, the Low Income Housing Tax Credit Program (LIHTC), the Tennessee

Housing Trust Fund, the Community Investment Tax Credit (CITC) Program, and the Homeownership Programs.

In FY 2016-17, the State of Tennessee submitted two amendments to the regular Action Plan, a minor and substantial amendment. The substantial amendment focused on unexpended CDBG funds totaling \$18,000,000. The funds were allocated to 8 new programs included in the FY 2016-17 Action Plan and detailed in AP-25 Allocation Priorities and AP-30 Methods of Distribution. Additionally, the state submitted the Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan as a substantial amendment to launch the new program.

2. Summarize the objectives and outcomes identified in the Plan

Also contained in the FY 2017-18 Annual Action Plan are the specific goals the administering agencies, known collectively as the Consolidated Planning Partners, hope to address in the coming year, as they relate to the five-year Consolidated Plan, and the goal outcome indicators by which the administering agencies will measure performance. The specific goals of the 2015-19 Consolidated Plan are:

- 1. Create and maintain affordable rental and homeownership stock with the construction of new affordable housing, rehabilitate existing affordable housing, provide down-payment assistance, and provide tenant-based rental assistance to eligible populations.
- Support homeless facilities to ensure they can continue to meet the needs of Tennessee's homeless population and provide resources to support those who are homeless or at risk of homelessness.
- 3. Provide resources to preserve affordable housing options for those persons with HIV/AIDS.
- 4. Provide resources to cities and communities to update and repair water and sewer systems. Also, create the base of infrastructure that will provide for a high quality of life for individuals, productive capacity for communities, and that will support economic development.
- 5. Provide communities with resources to revitalize public and community infrastructure and assets to improve the livability of communities.
- 6. Provide resources to cities and communities to support job creation, job training, and other job related opportunities.
- 7. Deliver community development programs in a manner that provides maximum assistance not only to economically disadvantaged individuals, but also to economically disadvantaged or low-to moderate-income areas of the state.
- 8. Affirmatively further fair housing by providing training and technical assistance to communities, organizations, realtors, lenders, and other stakeholders. Also provide fair housing counseling, outreach, and education to households, organizations, realtors, lenders, and other stakeholders.

For each of the eight goals, action steps were developed in the five-year Consolidated Plan, designed to address these goals. The action steps and the ways in which each of the programs propose to address the goals are also discussed. The Consolidated Planning Partners have developed planning documents,

included in the appendix of the Annual Action Plan, to better link HUD's grant objectives to the State of Tennessee's objectives, action steps, activities, and performance measures.

3. Evaluation of past performance

This is an evaluation of past performance that helped lead the grantee to choose its goals or projects.

The state is currently implementing the FY 2016-17 Annual Action Plan. Accomplishments for the FY 2015-16 Annual Action Plan will be reported in the FY 2016-17 *Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)* in September 2016. The FY 2015-16 CAPER reflects the performance and accomplishments with FY 2015-16 program funding. The CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA programs received a combined allocation of \$35,781,289. Accomplishments during FY 2015-16 include:

- HOPWA The Tennessee Department of Health (DOH) awarded \$975,906 to the seven project sponsors across the state that directly administer the program. HOPWA funds are used to provide assistance in the following five categories: housing information services; housing assistance (short-term rent, mortgage, and utility payment program); supportive services; permanent housing placement; and ongoing housing assessment plans. The HOPWA program reported activity for 685 households in need of HOPWA services.
- CDBG A total of 64 contracts were awarded to city governments, county governments, and other subrecipients totaling \$25,414,589 through the CDBG program. This amount included the FY 2015-16 award amount plus additional funds that were recaptured, unspent funds from completed projects from previous years and CDBG loan repayment funds from the CDBG Economic Development Loan Program. A total of 170,077 low- and moderate-income (LMI) persons were assisted.
- HOME In total, THDA distributed \$6,239,325 in program funds during FY 2015-16. A total of 99 housing units were assisted with HOME dollars, funded by previous allocations but completed during FY2015-16. Out of the 99 households assisted during the reporting period, 9 were extremely low-income, 38 were considered very low-income, 20 were considered low-income, and 26 were moderate-income households. There were 6 units missing beneficiary income data at the time of this report.
- ESG A total of \$3,151,469 was expended through the ESG program for this reporting period.
 There were 40 ESG contracts that were awarded during this reporting period. Total ESG funding
 during the reporting period assisted 17,053 low-, very low-, and extremely low-income persons.
 Of the ESG beneficiaries that reported income data, 11,631 were extremely low-income
 persons.

4. Summary of Citizen Participation Process and consultation process

Summary from citizen participation section of plan.

Public input was solicited during the public comment period of June 15 through June 30, 2017. The State of Tennessee solicited citizen participation through the use of email invitations, newsletters, and postings to state websites, development district websites, and social media (Facebook). Public notices were translated into Spanish, Arabic, Somali, Burmese, Bosnian, Vietnamese, Badini, and Sorani. Additional accommodations such as translation services into other languages or interpreter services for persons with disabilities were available upon request. Public notices informing communities of the public comment period were also published in the following newspapers:

- Chattanooga Times Free Press Chattanooga
- The Commercial Appeal Memphis
- El Crucero de Tennessee Nashville
- Herald-Citizen Cookeville
- The Jackson Sun Jackson
- Johnson City Press- Johnson City
- Knoxville News Sentinel Knoxville
- La Campana Franklin
- La Presnsa Latina Memphis
- The Leaf Chronicle Clarksville
- State Gazette Dyersburg
- The Tennessean Nashville

In addition to publicizing the Annual Action Plan, each program description for THDA-administered programs is discussed and voted on by the TDHA Board of Directors. These meetings are open and available to the public.

After the initial comment period, ESG was awarded an additional sum of funds and THDA entered a second comment period from August 3-16, 2017. The same procedures were followed to publicize the additional information in the updated plan. The State of Tennessee solicited citizen participation through the use of email invitations, newsletters, and postings to state websites, development district websites, and Facebook. Public notices were translated into Spanish with Google Translate serving additional language accommodations. Additional accommodations such as translation services into other languages or interpreter services for persons with disabilities were available upon request. Public notices informing communities of the public comment period were also published in the following newspapers:

- Chattanooga Times Free Press Chattanooga
- The Commercial Appeal Memphis
- Knoxville News Sentinel Knoxville
- The Tennessean Nashville

5. Summary of Public Comments

The State of Tennessee received two comments during the public comment period running June 15-30, 2017. The state received the comments electronically via a Survey Monkey form that which was translated into Spanish, Arabic, Somali, Burmese, Bosnian, Vietnamese, Badini, and Sorani. The form was accessible through a link on the THDA, Department of Economic and Community Development, and Department of Health's websites. One comment was supportive of THDA's work in distributing funds across the state and the other comment asked about a USDA housing program not covered by the five formula programs of this Action Plan.

The Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan public comment period coincided with the Annual Action Plan and used the same Survey Monkey form. The comment period for the HTF will run for 30 days.

During the comment period for the supplemental ESG amount, THDA received 4 comments. One seemed to be a mistake, one contained a comment on part of the plan that had previously been approved in the original round, and two comments suggesting additional funding be awarded to agencies with good track records and reasonable match requirements.

6. Summary of comments or views not accepted and the reasons for not accepting them

The State of Tennessee accepted all responses during the public comment period and addressed concerns applicable to the Annual Action Plan throughout the report. Specific comments and State of Tennessee responses are in the appendix of this report.

7. Summary

Significant efforts were undertaken to obtain public input through postings to state websites, social media, newsletters, and newspaper advertisements. All objectives and goals within the plan address specific priority needs identified by extensive data and the public. The state continues to obtain public input throughout the year to ensure the plan is up to date and continues to address current community needs.

PR-05 Lead & Responsible Agencies - 91.300(b)

1. Agency/entity responsible for preparing/administering the Consolidated Plan

The following are the agencies/entities responsible for preparing the Consolidated Plan and those responsible for administration of each grant program and funding source.

Agency Role	Name	Department/Agency
CDBG Administrator	TENNESSEE	Department of Economic and Community
		Development
HOPWA Administrator	TENNESSEE	Department of Health
HOME Administrator	TENNESSEE	THDA, Community Programs
ESG Administrator	TENNESSEE	THDA, Community Programs
HTF Administrator	TENNESSEE	THDA, Community Programs

Table 1 - Responsible Agencies

Narrative

While the Tennessee Housing Development Agency has been designated as the lead agency for Tennessee's Consolidated Planning requirements, all of the administering agencies of the five grant programs participate in the development of the Annual Action Plan and the implementation of their respective programs. The FY 2017-18 Action Plan represents the cooperation of these agencies in working together to further affordable housing and community development in Tennessee. In addition, the plan is developed in consultation with the citizens of our state. The draft plan is made available for review and public comment, according to the guidelines developed in the five-year Consolidated Plan and our Citizen Participation Plan.

Consolidated Plan Public Contact Information

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AP-10 Consultation - 91.110, 91.300(b); 91.315(l)

1. Introduction

The State of Tennessee consulted with several local and regional service providers, community organizations, government entities, public and private housing providers, Tennessee Continuum of Care agencies, and residents while developing this annual Action Plan. The consultation process primarily consisted of communication through state websites, social media, newspaper public notices, and email correspondence with these stakeholders. Specifically for the email correspondence with stakeholders, the State of Tennessee included links to the draft Action Plan and sought feedback on specific program modifications, new initiatives, and the funding prioritizations of housing, community, and economic development programs.

These efforts are in addition to periodic consultation throughout the year and the recent public comment period of the state's substantial amendment of the FY 2016-17 Annual Action Plan. The state also solicited comments and feedback during workshops and informational meetings related to the five formula grant programs under this Annual Action Plan.

Provide a concise summary of the state's activities to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers and private and governmental health, mental health and service agencies

All of the above mentioned outreach efforts included staff and representatives from governmental health, mental health, and service agencies. Most specifically, the Department of Health and Mental Health were instrumental in crafting our HIV/AIDS assessment and our lead-based poison prevention approach.

Describe coordination with the Continuum of Care and efforts to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans, and unaccompanied youth) and persons at risk of homelessness

THDA administers Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) contracts for the Tennessee Balance of State and Continuum of Care. Because service delivery structure and extent of homelessness differ regionally throughout Tennessee, THDA works with local continua continuously while administering the ESG Program.

THDA is a member of numerous consortia that assist low-income households and those who are homeless in Tennessee. THDA coordinates with these groups to help align services regionally. Specific to the Consolidated Plan and Action Plan, in 2015 THDA communicated with these groups through focus groups and presentations at local events to better understand the needs of the homeless population to include in the Consolidated Plan and Action Plan.

Describe consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care that serves the State in determining how to allocate ESG funds, develop performance standards for and evaluate outcomes of projects and activities assisted by ESG funds, and develop funding, policies and procedures for the operation and administration of HMIS

As previously mentioned, THDA administers ESG contracts for the Tennessee Balance of State and Continuum of Care (CoC) except in entitlement jurisdictions that receive their own allocation of ESG funds (Chattanooga, Memphis, and Nashville-Davidson County). THDA regularly attends CoC meetings and works closely with the CoC to administer the ESG program and address service gaps to homeless populations.

THDA meets with CoC's many times officially and unofficially over the year. Over the last year THDA has helped CoC's reorganize and better train interested agencies. Additionally, THDA was able to assist agencies with additional funding to help displaced residents after the 2016 Sevier County fires. Through workshops, trainings, and other communications, THDA requested feedback from the CoCs during the public comment period for the reporting period of this Action Plan.

2. Agencies, groups, organizations and others who participated in the process and consultations

Table 2 – Agencies, groups, organizations who participated

1	Agency/Group/Organization	HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF GREATER NASHVILLE
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Services - Housing
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Through the Housing Needs Assessment / Survey and presentation
2	Agency/Group/Organization	TN Commission on Aging and Disability
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Other government - State
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Through the Housing Needs Assessment / Survey and focus group
3	Agency/Group/Organization	TN Council on Developmental Disabilities
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Other government - State
	What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment Non-Homeless Special Needs Market Analysis
	Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Through the Housing Needs Assessment / Survey and focus group
4	Agency/Group/Organization	Tennessee Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services
	Agency/Group/Organization Type	Other government - State

What section of the Plan was addressed by Consultation?	Housing Need Assessment
	Homeless Needs - Chronically homeless
	Homeless Needs - Families with children
	Homelessness Needs - Veterans
	Homelessness Needs - Unaccompanied
	youth
	Homelessness Strategy
	Market Analysis
Briefly describe how the Agency/Group/Organization was consulted. What are the	Through the Housing Needs Assessment /
anticipated outcomes of the consultation or areas for improved coordination?	Survey and focus group

Identify any Agency Types not consulted and provide rationale for not consulting

The State of Tennessee consulted with, or contacted to request comments and input, all relevant agencies.

Other local/regional/state/federal planning efforts considered when preparing the Plan

Name of Plan	Lead Organization	How do the goals of your Strategic Plan overlap with the goals of each plan?
Continuum of Care		
Tennessee Labor Education Alignment Program (LEAP)	Tennessee State Legislature	The goals of improving the workforce and infrastructure within the state overlap with LEAP's goal to address ongoing problems with poor alignment among key stakeholders in the state's education and workforce development systems.

Table 3 - Other local / regional / federal planning efforts

AP-12 Participation - 91.115, 91.300(c)

1. Summary of citizen participation process/Efforts made to broaden citizen participation Summarize citizen participation process and how it impacted goal-setting

The State of Tennessee solicited citizen participation through the use of email correspondence, postings to state and development district websites, and social media accounts (Facebook and Twitter). The state also published newspaper public notices to inform citizens of the public comment period for the Action Plan. Public notices informing citizens of the public comment period were published in the following newspapers:

- Chattanooga Times Free Press Chattanooga
- The Commercial Appeal Memphis
- El Crucero de Tennessee Nashville
- Herald-Citizen Cookeville
- The Jackson Sun Jackson
- Johnson City Press Johnson City
- Knoxville News Sentinel Knoxville
- La Campana Franklin
- La Prensa Latina Memphis
- The Leaf-Chronicle Clarksville
- State Gazette Dyersburg
- The Tennessean Nashville

Public input was solicited through these modes of communication during the Action Plan public comment period of June 15, 2017 until end of day June 30, 2017. THDA also created a space to submit comments and questions on the THDA website during the public comment period. This same process took place for the Housing Trust Fund Allocation Plan online survey from June 15-30, 2017. Accommodations such as translation services or interpreter services for persons with disabilities were available upon request.

After the initial comment period, ESG was awarded an additional sum of funds and THDA entered a second comment period from August 3-16, 2017. The same procedures were followed to publicize the additional information in the updated plan. The State of Tennessee solicited citizen

participation through the use of email invitations, newsletters, and postings to state websites, development district websites, and Facebook. Public notices were translated into Spanish with Google Translate serving additional language accommodations. Additional accommodations such as translation services into other languages or interpreter services for persons with disabilities were available upon request. Public notices informing communities of the public comment period were also published in the following newspapers:

- Chattanooga Times Free Press Chattanooga
- The Commercial Appeal Memphis
- Knoxville News Sentinel Knoxville
- The Tennessean Nashville

Citizen Participation Outreach

Sort Order	Mode of O utreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments receiv	Summary of com ments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
1	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in the Chattanooga Times Free Press.	No comments were received.	N/A	
2	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in The Commercial Appeal in Memphis TN.	No comments were received.	N/A	
3	Newspaper Ad	Non-English Speaking - Specify other language: Spanish	Newspaper ad was published in El Crucero De Tennessee in Nashville	No comments were received.	N/A	

Sort Order	Mode of O utreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments receiv ed	Summary of com ments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
4	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in Herald-Citizen in Cookeville TN.	No comments were received.	N/A	
5	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in The Jackson Sun in Jackson TN.	No comments were received.	N/A	
6	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in Johnson City Press in Johnson City TN.	No comments were received.	N/A	
7	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in Knoxville News Sentinel in Knoxville TN	No comments were received.	N/A	
8	Newspaper Ad	Non-English Speaking - Specify other language: Spanish	Newspaper ad was published in La Campana in Franklin TN	No comments were received.	N/A	
9	Newspaper Ad	Non-English Speaking - Specify other language: Spanish	Newspaper ad was published in La Prensa Latina in Memphis TN	No comments were received.	N/A	
10	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in The Leaf- Chronicle in Clarksville TN	No comments were received.	N/A	

Sort Order	Mode of O utreach	Target of Outreach	Summary of response/attendance	Summary of comments receiv ed	Summary of com ments not accepted and reasons	URL (If applicable)
11	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in State Gazette in Dyersburg TN	No comments were received.	N/A	
12	Newspaper Ad	Non- targeted/broad community	Newspaper ad was published in The Tennessean in Nashville TN.	No comments were received.	N/A	
13	Internet Outreach	Non- targeted/broad community	Public notice published on State of Tennessee websites: THDA, DOH, ECD, TN.gov	Two comments were received and accepted. A full summary is included in the appendix. Supplemental ESG Funding Round — three comments were received and accepted. A full summary is included in the appendix.	N/A	https://thda.org/about- thda/public-notice-and- comment
14	Internet Outreach	Non- targeted/broad community	Public notice published on Tennessee Development District websites	No comments were received.	N/A	http://www.tennesseede velopmentdistricts.org/

Table 4 – Citizen Participation Outreach

Expected Resources

AP-15 Expected Resources – 91.320(c)(1,2)

Introduction

The following table summarizes the anticipated resources, broken down by program type, allocated by the State of Tennessee during year three of the Consolidated Plan's planning period (FY 2015-2019).

Anticipated Resources

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	E	xpected Amount A	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
CDBG	public	Acquisition						TNECD receives CDBG
	-	Admin and						funds for the non-
	federal	Planning						entitlement areas of
		Economic						the state. These funds
		Development						and any program
		Housing						income or recovered
		Public						funds are used
		Improvements						primarily for public
		Public Services						facility projects across
			24,977,133	1,280,364	0	26,257,497	50,000,000	the state.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	E	xpected Amount	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HOME	public	Homeowner						THDA receives HOME
	-	rehabilitation;						funds for the cities,
	federal	Second						counties and profits
		mortgage						outside of local
		assistance; and						participating
		the						jurisdictions. The funds
		Development of						and any program
		housing for sale						income or recovered
		to low and						funds are used to
		moderate						promote the
		income home						production,
		buyers.						preservation and
								rehabilitation of single
								family housing for low-
1			9,582,153	190,009	2,023,000	11,795,162	20,000,000	income households.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	E	xpected Amount	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
HOPWA	public	Permanent						TDOH receives HOPWA
	-	housing in						funds for housing
	federal	facilities						activities that benefit
		Permanent						low-income persons
		housing						living with HIV/AIDS
		placement						and their families.
		Short term or						
		transitional						
		housing facilities						
		STRMU						
		Supportive						
		services						
		TBRA	1,097,514	0	0	1,097,514	3,000,000	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	I	Expected Amount	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
_	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
ESG	public	Conversion and					*	THDA receives ESG
	-	rehab for						funds to provide the
	federal	transitional						services necessary to
		housing						help homeless persons
		Financial						or those at risk of being
		Assistance						homeless quickly
		Overnight						regain stability in
		shelter						permanent housing
		Rapid re-housing						after experiencing a
		(rental						housing crisis and/or
		assistance)						homelessness.
		Rental						
		Assistance						
		Services						
		Transitional						
		housing	3,640,860	0	0	3,640,860	8,000,000	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	E	xpected Amount	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Housing	public	Multifamily						The National Housing
Trust Fund	-	rental new						Trust Fund (NHTF) is a
	federal	construction						new affordable housing
		Multifamily						production program
		rental rehab						that will complement
								existing Federal, state
								and local efforts to
								increase and preserve
								the supply of decent,
								safe, and sanitary
								affordable housing for
								extremely low- and
								very low-income
								households, including
			3,160,279	0	0	3,963,712	6,000,000	homeless families.

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	E	xpected Amount	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
LIHTC	public	Acquisition						The LIHTC program
	-	Multifamily						allocates federal tax
	federal	rental new						credits to developers
		construction						of low income rental
		Multifamily						housing. Allocations
		rental rehab						are made on the front
								end for 10 years. The
								dollars reflected above
								are the 10-year values
								of the allocations to be
								made during the
			150,000,000	0	0	150,000,000	300,000,000	ConPlan period.

Other	public	Acquisition						Funding from 2008,
	-	Economic						2010 and 2013
	federal	Development						disasters were
		Homeowner						provided to TN,
		rehab						totaling \$137,234,407.
		Housing						TNECD plans to spend
		Public						down all disaster funds
		Improvements						that are currently
		Other						allocated to the state
								during the period of
								the Con Plan. That is
								approximately \$13M in
								13 CDBG-DR funds,
								\$30M in 2008-DR
								funds, and \$8M in
								2010-DR funds. Some
								of the Round 1 Shelby
								County activities under
								the B-13-DS-47-0001
								disaster grant were
								unable to meet the
								expenditure timeline
								set forth in the grant,
								leading to the
								recapturing of
								\$1,183,537 of funds.
								The funds were
								recaptured from the
			12,000,000	0	0	12,000,000	30,000,000	funds obligated to non-

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	E	Expected Amount A	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
	of		Annual	Program	Prior Year	Total:	Amount	
	Funds		Allocation: \$	Income: \$	Resources: \$	\$	Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
								Shelby County grants.
								TNECD proposes to use
								CDBG program income
								funds under the "CDBG
								funds as Match" waiver
								to cover the
								recaptured. The final
								allocation of B-13-DS-
								47-0001 funds, in the
								amount of \$4,610,000
								will be obligated in the
								summer of 2017.
								TNECD was also
								awarded \$44,502,374
								as a recipient of the
								CDBG-NDR grant, and
								plans to have the funds
								expended by
								September 30, 2022.
Other	public	Other						Leveraged Ryan White
	-							funds.
	federal		450,000	0	0	450,000	1,350,000	

Program	Source	Uses of Funds		Expected Amount	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
·	of		Annual	Program	Prior Year	Total:	Amount	
	Funds		Allocation: \$	Income: \$	Resources: \$	\$	Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
Other	public	Rental					,	The Section 8 Contract
	-	Assistance						Administration Division
	federal							of THDA administers
								the Section 8 Contract
								Administration
								Program. THDA
								administers the Section
								8 Housing Assistance
								Payments (HAP)
								Contracts and is
								responsible for
								approving and making
								the monthly payment
								to property owners
								throughout the state.
								At the end of calendar
								year 2016, the Division
								had 393 contracts,
								representing 33,431
								families, and monthly
								HAPs averaging
								approximately \$13.7
Ì			196,000,000	0	0	196,000,000	628,000,000	million per month.

Other	public	Homebuyer						THDA requires
	- state	assistance						homebuyer education
								for one of our home
								loan programs and
								encourages it for
								everyone considering
								homeownership. The
								purpose of homebuyer
								education is not only to
								assist people with
								purchasing homes, but
								also to help them
								become successful
								homeowners. THDA
								provides approved
								local nonprofit
								organizations and UT
								Extension agents with
								materials to teach first-
								time homebuyer
								education classes and
								hosts certification
								training for homebuyer
								education providers. In
								FY 17-18 THDA will hire
								three new HUD
								certified counselors to
								provide foreclosure
			700,000	0	0	700,000	1,050,000	prevention counseling

Program	Source	Uses of Funds	1	Expected Amount	Available Year 3	Expected	Narrative Description	
	of Funds		Annual Allocation: \$	Program Income: \$	Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	
								and assist with homebuyer education activities.

Other	public	Homeowner						The Tennessee Housing
	- state	rehab						Trust Fund (HTF) funds
		Multifamily						five programs to
		rental new						address unmet housing
		construction						needs in Tennessee.
		Multifamily						The Competitive
		rental rehab						Grants program targets
		New						rental housing needs
		construction for						across the state for low
		ownership						and very low income
		Short term or						residents. Other
		transitional						programs address rural
		housing facilities						housing needs, housing
		Transitional						modifications for
		housing						persons with
								disabilities, home
								repair for the elderly
								and new home
								construction and
								purchase for low
								income Tennesseans.
								In FY 17-18 THDA will
								implement the
								Challenge Grant
								Program that provides
								initial seed funding to
								support the fundraising
								efforts of nonprofit
			8,500,000	0	0	8,500,000	22,500,000	organizations across

Program	Source	ource Uses of Funds	E	xpected Amount	Available Year 3		Expected	Narrative Description
-	of Annual Program Prior Year Resources: \$	Total: \$	Amount Available Remainder of ConPlan \$	·				
								Tennessee to
								implement housing
								activities that
								represent unique
								milestones, are part o
								a broad community
								initiative, or are part
								a significant expansio
								of work outside the
								normal day to day
								activities of the
								organization. Selected
								proposals must
								generate cash leverage
								of at least 500% withi
								nine months of THDA
								commitment of
								Challenge Grant
								resources to the
								housing initiative.

Other	public	Other						CITC - Financial
	- state							institutions may obtain
								a credit against the
								franchises' excise tax
								liability when qualified
								loans, investments,
								grants, or contributions
								are extended to eligible
								non-profit
								organizations,
								development districts,
								public housing
								authorities, or THDA
								for activities that
								create or preserve
								affordable housing,
								help low-income
								Tennesseans obtain
								affordable housing, or
								activities that help
								build the capacity of
								eligible non-profit
								organizations who
								provide housing
								opportunities for low
			4,000,000	0	0	4,000,000	8,000,000	income Tennesseans.
Other	Public	Rental						Housing Choice
	-	Assistance						Vouchers
	federal		31,000,000	0	0	31,000,000	62,000,000	

Table 5 - Expected Resources - Priority Table

Explain how federal funds will leverage those additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements will be satisfied

HOME Investment Partnerships Program: For HOME, THDA added a new scoring item that encourages the submission of applications that include match resources eligible under the federal HOME program regulations. Up to 20 points are available for applications that will contribute eligible match resources that will assist the State in meeting its match obligations required by the program. For sub-grantees not supplying match, THDA will continue to provide the required federal match. Although no local match is required from applicants, THDA will count toward its matching requirement any nonfederal project funds that qualify as match under the HOME rule. In the scoring matrix, any project that has leveraged funds will receive additional points.

Emergency Solutions Grant Program (ESG): The ESG program requires that grantees provide a dollar for dollar match for ESG funds. Each grantee must provide a certification of matching funds. All grantees must supplement their ESG funds with equal amounts of funds or in-kind support from non-ESG sources. Certain other federal grants contain language that may prohibit their being used as a match. Matching funds or in-kind support must be provided after the date of the grant award to the recipient and within the period of the ESG contract with THDA. The recipient may not include funds used to match any previous ESG grant.

Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS/HIV (HOPWA): HOPWA does not require a match for their grants.

National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF): THDA will provide a preference for applications that include the use of non-THDA, federal and non-federal resources towards the development of the housing. THDA will not consider rental assistance provided for the purposes of this category. THDA will award points based on the actual percentage of other non-THDA funds in the project against the total development costs of the project. In order to receive points, written documentation committing the non-THDA funds must be included in the application.

If appropriate, describe publically owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to address the needs identified in the plan

The TN CDBG program awards many projects each year that will be completed on publicly-owned property, particularly water and sewer system improvement projects where work is often done at water and wastewater treatment plants or other similar properties.

Annual Goals and Objectives

AP-20 Annual Goals and Objectives – 91.320(c)(3)&(e)

Goals Summary Information

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order		Year	Year					
1	Creation and	2015	2019	Affordable	Non-	Fair housing	CDBG: \$1,000,000	Rental units constructed:
	preservation of			Housing	Entitlement	Infrastructure,	HOME: \$9,579,153	44 Household Housing
	affordable housing				Statewide	disinvestment,	Housing Trust	Unit
					Grant	disaster recovery	Fund: \$3,160,279	Rental units rehabilitated:
					Allocation	Limited housing	LIHTC:	10 Household Housing
					Priority	opportunities	\$150,000,000	Unit
							Community	Homeowner Housing
							Investment Tax	Added: 5 Household
							Credits: \$4,000,000	Housing Unit
							Homebuyer	Homeowner Housing
							Education:	Rehabilitated: 400
							\$700,000	Household Housing Unit
							Housing Choice	Direct Financial Assistance
							Vouchers:	to Homebuyers: 10
							\$31,000,000	Households Assisted
							Section 8 Project	
							Based Contract	
							Administration:	
							\$165,000,000	
							Tennessee Housing	
							Trust Fund:	
							\$8,500,000	

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order		Year	Year					
2	Preserve homeless	2015	2019	Homeless	Non-	Limited housing	ESG: \$3,640,860	Public Facility or
	facilities &				Entitlement	opportunities		Infrastructure Activities
	supportive services				Statewide			for Low/Moderate Income
					Grant			Housing Benefit: 1202
					Allocation			Households Assisted
					Priority			Tenant-based rental
								assistance / Rapid
								Rehousing: 1160
								Households Assisted
								Homeless Person
								Overnight Shelter: 15406
								Persons Assisted
								Homelessness Prevention:
								4230 Persons Assisted
3	Preserve housing	2015	2019	Affordable	Non-	Fair housing	HOPWA:	Public Facility or
	for persons with			Housing	Entitlement	Limited housing	\$1,096,514	Infrastructure Activities
	AIDS/HIV			Non-Homeless	Statewide	opportunities		for Low/Moderate Income
				Special Needs	Grant	Limited non-		Housing Benefit: 300
					Allocation	housing		Households Assisted
					Priority	supportive		Tenant-based rental
						services		assistance / Rapid
								Rehousing: 339
								Households Assisted

Sort Order	Goal Name	Start Year	End Year	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
4	Physical	2015	2019	Non-Housing	Non-	Fair housing	CDBG: \$20,000,000	Public Facility or
	infrastructure			Community	Entitlement	Infrastructure,	CDBG-DR:	Infrastructure Activities
	development			Development	Statewide	disinvestment,	\$1,000,000	for Low/Moderate Income
					Grant	disaster recovery		Housing Benefit: 230,000
					Allocation			Households Assisted
					Priority			
5	Revitalize	2015	2019	Non-Housing	Non-	Infrastructure,	CDBG: \$4,440,630	Other: 15 Other
	disinvested areas &			Community	Entitlement	disinvestment,	CDBG-DR:	
	improve livability			Development	Statewide	disaster recovery	\$3,610,000	
					Grant			
					Allocation			
					Priority			
6	TA, Job/Business	2015	2019	Non-Housing	Non-	Infrastructure,	CDBG: \$600,000	
	Development,			Community	Entitlement	disinvestment,		
	Administration			Development	Statewide	disaster recovery		
					Grant	Limited non-		
					Allocation	housing		
					Priority	supportive		
						services		
7	Target economic	2015	2019	Non-Housing	Non-	Infrastructure,	CDBG: \$500,000	Businesses assisted: 15
	distress			Community	Entitlement	disinvestment,		Businesses Assisted
				Development	Statewide	disaster recovery		Other: 20 Other
					Grant			
					Allocation			
					Priority			

Sort	Goal Name	Start	End	Category	Geographic Area	Needs Addressed	Funding	Goal Outcome Indicator
Order		Year	Year					
8	Fair housing	2015	2019	Affordable	Non-	Fair housing	CDBG: \$5,000	Other: 1500 Other
				Housing	Entitlement	Limited housing	HOPWA: \$1,000	
				Public Housing	Statewide	opportunities	HOME: \$3,000	
				Homeless	Grant		Homebuyer	
					Allocation		Education:	
					Priority		\$275,000	

Table 6 – Goals Summary

Goal Descriptions

1	Goal Name	Creation and preservation of affordable housing		
	Goal Description	Create and maintain affordable rental and homeownership stock with the construction of new affordable housing, rehabilitate existing affordable housing, provide down payment assistance and provide tenant-based rental assistance to eligible populations.		
2	Goal Name	Preserve homeless facilities & supportive services		
	Goal Description	Preserve homeless facilities to ensure they can continue to meet the needs of Tennessee's homeless population and provide resources to support those who are homeless or at risk of homelessness.		

3	Goal Name	Preserve housing for persons with AIDS/HIV
3	Goal Name Goal Description	The State of TN HOPWA program is administered by the Tennessee Department of Health who provides four major programs to preserve housing for persons with HIV/AIDS. In FY 2017-18, the State of TN HOPWA program will assist an estimated 300 households to access or maintain housing. In addition, the State's goal is to improve access to care and support, including the following supportive services: mental health, transportation, nutritional, housing information system, and non-case management services. HOPWA has four major programs through which they provide services: - Short term rent, mortgage and utility assistance (STRMU) provides short term assistance to maintain a stable living environment for households who are experiencing a financial crisis and the potential loss of their housing arrangement. - Tenant Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) provides assistance to eligible clients and their beneficiaries until they are able to secure affordable and stable housing. - Supportive Services include dental, nutrition, transportation, case management, housing, alcohol and drug abuse services, advocacy, child care, employment assistance, life skills, emergency assistance for payment of utility bills, and other services.
		- The Permanent Housing Placement program helps clients with costs related to application fees, credit checks, and reasonable security deposits. In FY 2017-18, the State of TN HOPWA program will assist 20 households with FBH-Transitional/Short-term Facilities to house clients in emergency shelters using the Hotel/Motel Voucher. In addition to the above aforementioned HOPWA services, the State of TN HOPWA program will begin to offer Housing Information Systems which allows staff to compile a resource database to assist eligible households as well as clients who are not eligible due to living in section 8 housing but need additional housing resources, fair housing information, or other resources. When applicable, the 7 regional HOPWA project sponsors (Chattanooga CARES, Columbia CARES, Nashville CARES, Positively Living, Frontier- Hope of Tennessee, WTLS-West Tennessee Legal Services, UCHRA-Upper Cumberland Human Resource Agency) will leverage resources using Ryan White Part B (payer of last resort) and other federal, state, local and private and in-kind resources for the provision of HIV/AIDS housing services to HOPWA clients.

4	Goal Name	Physical infrastructure development				
	Goal Description	Provide resources to cities and communities to update and repair water and sewer systems. Also, create the base of infrastructure that will provide for a high quality of life for individuals, productive capacity for communities, and that will support economic development.				
		Program Income (PI) will be used for Urgent Need activities				
		CDBG Annual Allocation: \$19,000,000 CDBG-DR: \$1,000,000 CDBG Program Income: \$1,000,000				
5	Goal Name	Revitalize disinvested areas & improve livability				
	Goal Description	Provide communities with resources to revitalize public and community infrastructure and assets to improve the livability of communities. CDBG Annual Allocation: \$4,160,266 CDBG-DR: \$3,610,000 CDBG Program Income: \$280,364				
6	Goal Name	TA, Job/Business Development, Administration				
	Goal Description	Provide resources to cities and communities to support job creation, job training, and other job related opportunities. CDBG Annual Allocation: \$600,000 (Administration)				
7	Goal Name	Target economic distress				
	Goal Description	Deliver community development programs in a manner that provides maximum assistance not only to economically disadvantaged individuals, but also to economically disadvantaged or low- to moderate-income areas of the state. CDBG Annual Allocation: \$500,000				

8	Goal Name	Fair housing	
	Goal	Affirmatively furthering fair housing by providing training and technical assistance to communities, organizations, realtors,	
	Description	lenders and other stakeholders. Also provide fair housing counseling, outreach, and education to households,	
	organizations, realtors, lenders and other stakeholders.		

Table 7 – Goal Descriptions

AP-25 Allocation Priorities – 91.320(d)

Introduction

Tennessee will address the strategic housing and community needs as articulated in the Consolidated Plan through the four Consolidated Planning grants and other resources that the state and HUD provide to address this need.

Funding Allocation Priorities

	Creation and preservation of affordable housing (%)	Preserve homeless facilities & supportive services (%)	Preserve housing for persons with AIDS/HIV (%)	Physical infrastructure development (%)	Revitalize disinvested areas & improve livability (%)	TA, Job/Business Development, Administration (%)	Target economic distress (%)	Fair housing (%)	Total
CDBG	4	0	0	75	17	2	2	0	100
HOME	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	100
HOPWA	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
ESG	0	99	0	0	0	0	0	1	100
Housing Trust									
Fund	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
LIHTC	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other CDBG-DR	0	0	0	22	78	0	0	0	100
Other Community Investment Tax	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Homebuyer	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Education	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	10

Other Housing									
Choice Vouchers	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Leveraged									
Funds Ryan									
White	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Section 8									
Project Based									
Contract									
Administration	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100
Other Tennessee									
Housing Trust									
Fund	100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100

Table 8 – Funding Allocation Priorities

Reason for Allocation Priorities

Affordable housing and community development are the central needs addressed by the Consolidated Plan. The allocation priorities reflect the deep need for affordable housing in Tennessee both with the HUD resources provided to the state and other state resources dedicated to improving affordability and quality in housing for extremely low-, very low-, low- and moderate-income Tennesseans. As described in the Needs Assessment, Market Analysis, and Housing & Community Needs Survey responses, there is a continuing need for additional affordable housing opportunities across the state.

The majority of Tennessee's housing stock, 35% owner-occupied and 40% renter-occupied, was built between 1950 and 1979. Furthermore, 10.3% of the total units were built prior to 1950 (ACS 5yr, 2015). Based on the age of most of the housing stock alone, there is a need for rehabilitation of both rental and ownership units. Further, feedback from stakeholders collected in the Housing & Community Needs Survey states a general need for owner- and rental-occupied rehabilitation. According to the Housing Affordability table in section MA-15, there were 187,325 renter households with less than 30 percent of AMI in Tennessee from 2007-2011. During the same time period, there were 70,610 rental units affordable to households in this income level (this does not include public housing, HVC, or other subsidized housing). In addition to the general needs for affordable housing, there is a high need for the development, rehabilitation, and provision of associated housing services and facilities for homeless and non-homeless special populations, especially persons with disabilities and rural homeless. As noted in the Needs Assessment of the Consolidated Plan, there are needs for accessible units, homeless facilities, and housing assistance to adequately serve these

populations.

Additionally, based on stakeholder and citizen feedback, there is a general need for infrastructure, community facilities, and economic development activities through business assistance and development programs and downtown revitalizations. Many communities in Tennessee have delayed improvements and maintenance to infrastructure and community facilities, heightening the need for these activities. Many communities in Tennessee are still recovering from the economic recession and recent natural disasters, resulting in a need for continued economic development and revitalization activities.

HOPWA: the proposed distribution of funds address all of our priority need housing areas to include but not limited to preserving affordable housing, provide suitable living environments, permanent housing placement- PHP, short term rent, mortgage and utility assistance STRMU, tenant-based rental assistance –TBRA, Supportive Services- SS to the extent that it is driven by applicant demand of these activities and federal and State statutory or regulatory requirements for the use of these funds to prevent and or alleviate homelessness among people living with HIV/AIDS.

Disaster Recovery Needs: The State will continue the use of the Disaster Recovery funds to rebuild, reestablish, and improve communities that were impacted by presidentially declared disasters in 2008, 2010, and 2011. The State will also utilize funding awarded as part of the National Disaster Resilience Competition to develop and build a mindset of using HUD and other leveraged funds to become more resilient to natural and economic disasters.

The FY 2016-17 action plan was amended to include the proposed use of unexpended funds from prior years, and was approved in May 2017. TNECD is in the process of granting these funds based on the approved allocation priorities below.

How will the proposed distribution of funds will address the priority needs and specific objectives described in the Consolidated Plan?

Each of the five Consolidated Planning Programs has their own method of distribution. Each method is intended to ensure that all non-entitlement areas can compete for these funds. Program specific need-based preferences can be found in these methods of distribution.

One recent programmatic decision warrants additional mention. In 2014, THDA amended its HOME Program Description to restrict eligible activities to homeowner rehabilitation and homebuyer down payment assistance in its Urban/Rural allocations and the development of units for

homeownership by Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) in its CHDO set-aside. All rental development previously eligible under the state's HOME Program was moved to THDA's Housing Trust Fund Competitive Grants and will now also be the National Housing Trust Fund. There is a deep need in all of these types of housing efforts and the provision of state funds in the rental housing sector is a reflection of our commitment to address each of these needs.

AP-30 Methods of Distribution – 91.320(d)&(k)

Introduction

Each of the five Consolidated Planning Programs has their own method of distribution. Each method is intended to ensure that all eligible areas can compete for these funds and statewide for the National Housing Trust Fund. Program specific need-based preferences can be found in these methods of distribution.

Distribution Methods

Table 9 - Distribution Methods by State Program

1	State Program Name:	CDBG - Regular Round
	Funding Sources:	CDBG
Describe the state		The State of Tennessee holds an annual round of applications open to all non-entitlement jurisdictions
	program addressed by	that do not have a grant open at the time of application. A public meeting was held in September of 2015
	the Method of	to discuss the application and award process of the 2016 grants. All local officials from eligible non-
	Distribution.	entitlement jurisdictions, along with administrators and engineers who frequently work with CDBG
		projects, were invited to participate and offer comments. More the 70 people were in attendance.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

All applications must meet 4 criteria, before being scored:

- 1. Meet a National Objective
- 2. Be an eligible activity
- 3. Be a non-entitlement jurisdiction
- 4. Be an eligible community development objective
 - Physical Infrastructure Development to create the base of infrastructure that will provide for a high quality of life for individuals and productive capacity for communities.
 - Job Opportunity Development to implement programs that will create a climate that is receptive to and encourages the growth of private sector jobs.
 - Human Resources Development to develop a human resource base that is healthy and capable of working at full capacity and that has the skills and education that enable them to do so.
 - Target Economic Distress to deliver community development programs in a manner that provides maximum assistance not only to economically disadvantaged individuals, but also to economically disadvantaged areas of the state.
 - Maximize Grantees to use the resources available to the state in a manner which will
 maximize the number of grantees and, therefore, beneficiaries of the programs.

For State Fiscal Year 2017-18 applicants may apply for funding from one of five different program categories: Economic Development, Water/Sewer, Housing Rehabilitation, Community Livability and Commercial Façade Improvements. All Urgent Need/Imminent Threat projects must also fall into one of the program categories.

Applications are scored based on the following criteria:

- 1. Community Need
 - Latest annual county unemployment rate.

- Target area/Census per capita income
- 2006-2015 average county unemployment rate
- 2014 per capita income
- 2. Project Need: Project need points measure the degree to which there is a need for the project (no existing facilities or existing facilities are inadequate). Due to the different types of projects, project need points are structured differently based on project type.
- 3. Project Feasibility: Project Feasibility is not scored and is instead a threshold for water/sewer projects. The feasibility of Community Livability projects are based on 1) quality of design, 2) cost effectiveness, 3) Alternatives, 4) Adequacy of operating budget, 5) Quality of documentation that the project will solve the problem. Housing feasibility is based on the assessment of the amount of work needed as proposed and the magnitude of the problems.
- 4. Project Impact: Project Impact is scored on the CDBG cost per person and the CDBG cost per LMI person (based on county LMI percentage) for all applications. The rate factor is also included for water/sewer applications.
- 5. Project Essentialness: Project essentialness points apply only to community livability projects and are designed to assess the degree to which the project is essential for the maintenance of safe and tolerable living conditions. Scores of three ECD reviewers will be averaged.
- 6. Economic Development: Up to 10 additional points are available to applications that exhibit economic development impacts as a result of the project.

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	All CDBG manuals and applications materials are available on the ECD website and by request.
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based	NA NA

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	NA	
Describe how resources	Water and Sewer Projects	\$19,000,000
will be allocated among	Community Livability Projects	\$4,160,266
funding categories.	Housing Projects	\$1,000,000
	Commercial Façade Projects	\$500,000
	Administration and Tech. Assistance	\$600,000
	Total	\$25,265,266
	The CDBG program for this fiscal year has these funds for imminent treat and urger	s \$1,280,364 of program income funds. TNECD proposes to use not need projects.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Community Livability grants have a max threshold request of \$300,000. Water, sewer, and housing have thresholds of \$500,000. Commercial Façade grants have a threshold of \$100,000. Community Livability projects have the potential of \$15,000 bonus and water/sewer \$25,000 bonus based on if the applicant is located in a ThreeStar county.
	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	Number of projects expected to be completed under each of the activity descriptions based on prior grant years. Additionally, the CDBG program tracks each project upon close as meeting on the following outcome categories: • Accessibility/Availability • Affordability • Sustainability
2	State Program Name:	ESG - Set Aside
	Funding Sources:	ESG

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.

The ESG Program is designed to identify sheltered and unsheltered homeless persons, as well as those at risk of homelessness, and provide the services necessary to help those persons to quickly regain stability in permanent housing after experiencing a housing crisis and/or homelessness. THDA will spend up to 7.5% of its ESG allocation for administrative and planning expenses. THDA will share the amount available for administration with the small city entitlement communities that do not receive their own ESG allocation from HUD as well as other successful local government applicants. Non-profit agencies are not eligible to receive funds for administration.

THDA will allocate \$150,000 each to the cities of Clarksville, Johnson City, Knoxville, and Murfreesboro. Each of these jurisdictions have either recently lost their direct ESG allocation from HUD or are the location of a major entity serving veterans, a key priority under the Tennessee State Plan to End Homelessness. Each program will operate its ESG program in accordance with its approved Consolidated Plan. Eligible activities include street outreach, shelter activities, homeless prevention, rapid re-housing, Homeless Management Information Systems (HMIS) and administration activities.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

Agencies applying for ESG funding must include in their application documentation that is supported by data showing: 1) need for the program; 2) evidence of homelessness or at-risk of homelessness population within the community; 3) a plan that summarizes how funds will be used to address the unmet needs of their community; and 4) evidence that the applicant has collaborated with the local Continuum of Care (CoC) and that activities selected will help the CoC to meet its goals to address and end homelessness.

For complete criteria, please consult the ESG Program Description and Policies and Procedures Manual at http://thda.org/business-partners/esg

If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the	NA NA
application criteria?	
(CDBG only)	
Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available	Non-profits compete in the competitive round of ESG funds (see below). However, local government recipients may distribute all or a part of their ESG funds to eligible, private 501(c)(3) non-profit organizations for allowable ESG activities.
to units of general local government, and non-	
profit organizations, including community and faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)	NA NA
Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.	The funding categories within ESG are: Street Outreach; Emergency Shelter; Prevention and Rapid Rehousing. Expenditure limits of combined Street Outreach and Emergency Shelters cannot exceed 60% of the maximum grant of \$150,000.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Threshold criteria includes: submission of a complete application; proposal of an eligible activity; proposal of a project that in the opinion of THDA is physically, financially and administratively feasible; proposal of a project that meets the requirements of 24 CFR Part 576 and 91, as amended. An applicant must apply for at least \$35,000 and may apply for a maximum of \$150,000 in ESG funding.
	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The Tennessee ESG Policies and Procedures Manual instructs grantees to adopt performance standards consistent with HUD and THDA program requirements. Examples of outcome measures expected are: reducing the average length of time a person is homeless; reducing returns to homelessness; improving program coverage; reducing the number of homeless individuals and families; reducing the number of chronically homeless individuals and families; improving employment rate and income amounts of program participants; reducing first time homelessness; preventing homelessness and achieving independent living in permanent housing for families and youth defined as homeless under other Federal programs.
		Although THDA understands many sub-recipients have chosen to provide one-time emergency rent or utility assistance to prevent homelessness, sub-recipients receiving ESG funds should use all available resources that will ensure the ongoing housing stability of program participants.
3	State Program Name:	ESG Competitive Grants
	Funding Sources:	ESG

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of	The ESG Program is designed to identify sheltered and unsheltered homeless persons, as well as those at risk of homelessness, and provide the services necessary to help those persons to quickly regain stability in permanent housing after experiencing a housing crisis and/or homelessness.
Distribution.	THDA will allocate \$150,000 each to the cities of Clarksville, Johnson City, Knoxville, and Murfreesboro in a set-aside. The remaining ESG funds will be allocated to eligible applicants in a competitive grant application process.
Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of	ESG applicants are scored on the following sets of criteria, and given scoring points accordingly: PROGRAM DESIGN (up to 25 points); APPLICANT CAPACITY (up to 25 points); FISCAL INFORMATION (up to 25 points); PERFORMANCE (up to 15 points); COORDINATION WITH COC PRIORITIES (up to 5 points); and HOUSING FIRST MODEL (up to 5 points).
these criteria.	For complete criteria, please consult the ESG Program Description and Policies and Procedures Manual a http://thda.org/business-partners/esg

If only summary criteria NA were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only) Non-profits compete in the competitive round of ESG funds. Additionally, local government recipients Describe the process for may distribute all or a part of their ESG funds to eligible, private 501(c)(3) non-profit organizations for awarding funds to state allowable ESG activities. Once a year, THDA hosts grantee workshops three locations in state, website, recipients and how the notify CoC lead agencies to distribute that include community and faith based organization. Non-profit state will make its organizations are eligible to receive funds only if such funding is approved by the local government allocation available jurisdiction where programs are based. to units of general local Non-profits must be an eligible non-profit agency as defined in the ESG Program Description. government, and non-Supplemental ESG funding will be offered to Existing Grantees funded under the 2017 round. While any profit organizations, of ESG activities are eligible, we will prioritize use for rapid re-housing as well as for efforts targeting including community and veterans homelessness and chronic homelessness. faith-based organizations. (ESG only)

NA NA
The funding categories within ESG are: Street Outreach; Emergency Shelter; Prevention and Rapid Rehousing.
Expenditure limits of combined Street Outreach and Emergency Shelters cannot exceed 60% of the entir ESG allocation. THDA reserves the right to adjust applicants' budgets, if needed, to remain within this requirement.

Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	Threshold criteria includes: submission of a complete application; proposal of an eligible activity; proposal of a project that in the opinion of THDA is physically, financially and administratively feasible; proposal of a project that meets the requirements of 24 CFR Part 576 and 91, as amended. An applicant must apply for at least \$35,000 and may apply for a maximum of \$150,000 in ESG funding.
What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The Tennessee ESG Policies and Procedures Manual instructs grantees to adopt performance standards consistent with HUD and THDA program requirements. Examples of outcome measures expected are: reducing the average length of time a person is homeless; reducing returns to homelessness; improving program coverage; reducing the number of homeless individuals and families; reducing the number of chronically homeless individuals and families; improving employment rate and income amounts of program participants; reducing first time homelessness; preventing homelessness and achieving independent living in permanent housing for families and youth defined as homeless under other Federal programs.
State Program Name:	HOME - CHDO Round
Funding Sources:	HOME

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.

Activities under the HOME Program must address the housing needs of low-income households. Eligible activities include: *Housing Rehabilitation* - the use of HOME funds will be limited to the rehabilitation or reconstruction of existing housing units A maximum investment per unit will be limited by both (1) the federal maximum HOME subsidy limit as adjusted by the number of bedrooms per unit and (2) the after rehabilitation value of the unit permitted under the federal regulations By regulation, the after rehabilitation value may not exceed 95% of the median purchase price for the area. *Homeownership programs* - are restricted to a soft second mortgage necessary to qualify the household for permanent financing; *CHDO Operating Expenses, Developer's Fees and CHDO Proceeds*; and *Project Soft Costs* - in planning their programs, applicants may include the costs for inspections and work write-ups as a project-related soft cost. There is a limit to these costs of 7% of the hard costs of the rehabilitation or construction, not to exceed \$2,100 or be less than \$500.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

- **1. CAPABILITY Up to 50 points:** The proposed project demonstrates exceptional planning and readiness and the organization demonstrates sufficient capacity beyond threshold.
- 2. **NEED Up to 40 points:** THDA has calculated need factors using housing statistics for counties. Factors are based on percentages rather than absolute numbers. For homeowner projects, the need factors used are percentage of owner households that are low income; the percentage of low income owner households with cost burden or other problems; and the percent of affordable owner units built before 1960. For multi-county projects, the need score is calculated proportionately according to the number of units proposed for each county.
- **3. NOT PROPORTIONALLY SERVED Up to 40 points:** THDA shall award up to 50 additional points to applications submitted from areas where the amount of THDA and HOME funding is below the state average. The formula for awarding these points is based on the percentage of 1992-2013 HOME dollars awarded in each county. For multi-county projects, this score is calculated proportionately according to the number of units in each county.
- **4. DISASTER AREAS 10 points:** THDA shall award 10 additional points to applications for projects located in counties that have been declared a presidential disaster area under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act in the year prior to the application due date.
- 5. LEVERAGE Up to 10 points: THDA shall award up to 10 additional points to applications that include the use of funds from other sources. THDA will award point in this category based on the actual percentage of other funds in the project. Leveraged funds counted in one program year do not qualify again as leverage in subsequent years. In order to receive point, there must be written documentation for the leveraged funds in the application.
- 6. **MATCH Up to 20 points:** THDA shall award up to 20 points to applications that include a committed contribution of eligible match resources towards the project implementation. A commitment of eligible match contribution from an external source must be documented in the application from the source providing the contribution. To determine the points awarded, THDA will not round the percentage calculated. For more details about points, please refer to the HOME Program Description in the Appendix.

	7. ENERGY CONSERVATION/UNIVERSAL DESIGN: For acquisition/rehabilitation and sale type homeownership projects, THDA shall award up to 10 points to applications that, to the extent feasible, include at least three energy conservation measures beyond that required by THDA's Design Standards for Rehabilitation in the rehabilitation of each unit b. For new construction homeownership projects, THDA shall award up to 10 points to applications that agree to construct each single family unit in accordance with the following standards beyond that which is required by THDA's Design Standards for New Construction.
	Applications must receive a minimum threshold score equal to 50% of the total points available under the applicable scoring matrix.
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	NA NA
state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.

CHDO Set-aside. Fifteen percent (15%) of 2017 HOME allocation will be reserved for eligible applications from CHDOs, including CHDOs located in Local PJs. The THDA HOME funding to successful CHDO applicants in the Local PJs will be reduced by the amount of funding the CHDO receives from the Local PJs to keep within the \$500,000 maximum grant.

Beginning with the 2015 HOME allocation, HUD no longer considers a PJ as meeting its 24-month CHDO commitment through a cumulative total of CHDO commitments since 1992, and each grant year must meet its own 24-month commitment deadline. In addition, the execution of a HOME Working Agreement and the establishment of a CHDO sub-grant in IDIS is insufficient to meet this requirement. Thus, a successful CHDO that receives an allocation of 2017 CHDO funds, must commit those funds to specific units no later than June 30, 2019. Any 2016 HOME funds awarded to an organization must be committed to specific units no later than June 30, 2018. HUD will recapture any 2017 CHDO funds not committed to specific CHDO activities by June 30, 2019 and will recapture any 2016 CHDO funds not committed to specific CHDO activities by June 30, 2018. CHDO applicants need to be aware of these dates and have a pipeline of eligible home buyers so they can begin their projects as soon as the environmental reviews are completed. If in the opinion of THDA, the applications submitted do not contain viable proposals or are from a CHDO that lacks the organizational potential to comply with all HOME affordability requirements, THDA may choose not to award any or all of the funds set-aside for CHDOs in the current application round.

THDA will not make any funding awards for units in a jurisdiction where the unit cannot be inspected by a state certified building inspector or by a provider as permitted under State law.

	Describe threshold factors and grant size limits.	An applicant must apply for at least \$100,000 and may apply for a maximum HOME grant of \$500,000. There is a \$750,000 limit on the amount of HOME funds that can be awarded in any one county. The THDA HOME funding to successful CHDO applicants in the Local PJs will be reduced by the amount of funding the CHDO receives from the Local PJs to keep within the \$500,000 maximum grant.
	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The expected outcome measure is that the activities under the HOME Program effectively address the housing needs of low-income households.
5	State Program Name:	HOME Program
	Funding Sources:	номе

Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.

Activities under the HOME Program must address the housing needs of low-income households. Eligible activities include: *Housing Rehabilitation - the* use of HOME funds will be limited to the rehabilitation or reconstruction of existing housing units. A maximum investment per unit will be limited by both (1) the federal maximum HOME subsidy limit as adjusted by the number of bedrooms per unit and (2) the after rehabilitation value of the unit permitted under the federal regulations By regulation, the after rehabilitation value may not exceed 95% of the median purchase price for the area. *Homeownership programs -* are restricted to a soft second mortgage necessary to qualify the household for permanent financing.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

- 1. **PROGRAM DESIGN Up to 50 points:** The proposed program demonstrates exceptional planning, readiness and administrative capability. All necessary components to accomplish the project have been identified in the application
- 2. NEED Up to 40 points: THDA has calculated need factors using housing statistics for counties. Factors are based on percentages rather than absolute numbers. For homeowner projects, the need factors used are the percentage of owner households that are low income; the percentage of owner households with cost burden; the percentage of affordable owner units built before 1960; the percentage of homes lacking complete kitchen facilities; the percentage of homes lacking complete plumbing facilities; and the percentage of food stamp recipient households in the county. For multi-county projects, the need score is calculated proportionately according to the number of units proposed for each county
- 3. **NOT PROPORTIONALLY SERVED Up to 40 points:** THDA shall award up to 50 additional points to applications submitted from areas where the amount of prior THDA and HOME funding is below the state average. The formula for awarding these points is based on the percentage of 1992 2013 HOME dollars awarded in each county.
- 4. **DISASTER AREAS : 10 points** THDA shall award 10 additional points to applications for projects located in counties that have been declared a presidential disaster area under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act in the year prior to the application due date.
- 5. **LEVERAGE Up to 10 points:** THDA shall award up to 10 additional points to applications that include the use of funds from other sources. THDA will award points in this category based on the actual percentage of other funds in the project. Leveraged funds counted in one program year do not qualify again as leverage in subsequent years. In order to receive points, there must be written documentation of the leveraged funds in the application.
- 6. **MATCH Up to 20 points:** THDA shall award up to 20 points to applications that include a committed contribution of eligible match resources towards the project implementation. A commitment of eligible match contribution from an external source must be documented in the application from the source providing the contribution. To determine the points awarded,

	THDA will not round the percentage calculated. For more details about points, please refer to
	the HOME Program Description in the Appendix.
	7. ENERGY CONSERVATION Up to 10 points: THDA shall award up to 5 additional points to applications for rehabilitation that include an independent energy audit and, to the extent feasible, incorporate the recommendations of the audit report in the rehabilitation work write-up.
	8. TENNESSEE GROWTH POLICY ACT 10 points: TCA Section 6-58-109(c) requires THDA to award 5 points on a 100 point scale or a comparable percentage on a different point scale to municipalities or counties with approved growth plans when the local communities apply fo HOME funds. Applications from counties not subject to the Tennessee Growth Policy Act wil also receive these points.
	Applications must receive a minimum threshold score equal to 50% of the total points available under the applicable scoring matrix.
If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	NA NA
state publications	
describing the	
application criteria?	
(CDBG only)	

Г Т	
Describe the process for	NA NA
awarding funds to state	
recipients and how the	
state will make its	
allocation available	
to units of general local	
government, and non-	
profit organizations,	
including community and	
faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of	NA NA
selecting project	
sponsors (including	
providing full access to	
grassroots faith-based	
and other	
community-based	
organizations). (HOPWA	
only)	

Describe how resources will be allocated among funding categories.

HOME funds committed to the State of Tennessee, through THDA, will be allocated as provided in the State of Tennessee's Consolidated Plan, as amended. The amount of the 2017 HOME allocation is unknown until there is an approved federal budget; however, THDA anticipates receipt of an amount equivalent to the amount received in FY 2016, approximately \$9,500,000. Additionally, THDA has approximately \$1,800,000 in funds left over from its 2016 Urban/Rural Matrix competition that will be made available for the 2017 HOME Program. Finally, THDA anticipates the availability of approximately \$223,000 in its 2016 HOME allocation set-aside available to CHDOs that will be made available under the CHDO Matrix. THDA will spend up to ten percent (10%) of its 2017 HOME allocation for administrative and planning expenses (four percent (4%) of these funds for its own administrative expenses and the remaining six percent (6%) is available to pay the administrative costs of local governments and non-CHDO non-profit grant recipients). The balance of THDA's FY 2017 HOME allocation, not including the 10% for administration CHDO set-aside and the 5% for CHDO operating expenses, will be divided as follows:

Urban/Rural Allocation. Seventy percent (70%) of the 2016 and 2017 HOME funds available will be allocated for eligible projects in Urban and Rural areas of the State. The urban areas include the following counties: Anderson, Blount, Bradley, Carter, Coffee, Dyer, Gibson, Hamilton, Hamblen, Haywood, Loudon, Madison, Maury, Montgomery, Putnam, Roane, Rutherford, Sumner, Unicoi, Williamson and Wilson. All other counties are considered Rural. The urban allocation is 45% of the remaining 70% of the funding, and the rural allocation is 55%. The percentages are based on the low-income population in the designated urban and rural counties. However, the urban areas do not include the low income populations of the local participating jurisdictions of Chattanooga, Clarksville, Jackson, Knox County, Knoxville, Memphis, Metropolitan Nashville-Davidson County, Shelby County, Sullivan County, and Washington County, excluding the Town of Jonesborough. THDA will score, rank and fund urban and rural applications separately. THDA may re-allocate funding between the Urban and Rural matrices should an insufficient number of applications receive the minimum threshold score necessary to award all funds allocated under either of the respective matrices. To be considered for funding, an application must receive a minimum threshold score of 95, an amount equal to 50% of the total points available under the urban or rural matrices. All applications will be ranked in descending order from highest to lowest score and HOME funds will be awarded until all funds are awarded or until the lowest scoring application that meets the threshold score is funded. There will be an urban and a rural matrix and the applicants will be scored,

limits.	county.
Describe threshold factors and grant size	An applicant must apply for at least \$100,000 and may apply for a maximum HOME grant of \$500,000. There is a \$750,000 limit on the amount of HOME funds that can be awarded in any one
	THDA will not make any funding awards for units in a jurisdiction where the unit cannot be inspected be state certified building inspector or by a provider as permitted under State law.
	HOME awards will be in the form of a grant. Grantees will be required to repay any HOME funds expended on projects that are not completed and ready for occupancy within 3 years of the date the Written Agreement is executed between the Grantee and THDA. Grantees may also be required to reput HOME funds as described in the Working Agreement.
	ranked and Applications that do not meet the threshold score will not be considered for funding. There a \$750,000 maximum grant per county. Grants to successful applicants in the same county will be reduced proportionately should there be multiple successful applicants from the same county with a minimum grant of \$250,000, however, the THDA Board of Directors may award less than \$250,000 should be more than three successful applicants from the same county.

	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measure is that the activities under the HOME Program effectively address the housing needs of low-income households.
6	State Program Name:	HOPWA
	Funding Sources:	HOPWA
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The State is divided into seven (7) HOPWA regions (East Tennessee, North East Tennessee, Upper Cumberland, Mid Cumberland, Mid Cumberland, South Central Tennessee, West Tennessee and South East Tennessee). For FY 2016-17, the HOPWA allocation will be distributed through a formula process based on the reported HIV and AIDS case data provided by CDC. And further adjusted base on the seven (7) State of TN HOPWA Regions listed below for FY 2016-2017:
		• East Tennessee - \$255,522
		North East Tennessee - \$90,147
		Upper Cumberland - \$45,234
		Mid Cumberland - \$53,093
		South Central Tennessee - \$69,455
		West Tennessee - \$141,476
		South East Tennessee - \$220,073

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.	Pursuant to HOPWA regulations, changes in eligibility jurisdictions for HOPWA may occur if a metropolitan area reaches a population of more than 500, 000 and has a least 1,500 cumulative AIDS cases. The State's method of distributing selects projects and proposals targeted at meeting local need and taking steps to affirmatively further fair housing during implementation and supportive service gap
If only summary criteria	NA
were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other	
state publications describing the	
application criteria? (CDBG only)	

Describe the process for awarding funds to state recipients and how the state will make its allocation available to units of general local government, and non-profit organizations, including community and faith-based organizations. (ESG only)

NA

Identify the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community-based organizations). (HOPWA only)

The method of selecting sponsors is through soliciting grant proposals to include grass roots faith-based and other community-based organizations. The purpose of this Request for Grant Proposal (RFGP) is to define the State's minimum requirements, solicit grant proposals and gain adequate information from which the State can evaluate the services potential project sponsors propose to provide. The RFGP process for HOPWA is based on a five-year cycle, which was last issued in 2016 and will end June 30th, 2021. The contracts for these agencies are 1 year with the option to renew for four additional years. However, the States reserves the right to terminate a contract should there be substandard performance by a project sponsor. In the event a contract is terminated the State will solicit new agency proposals. The Department of Health will contract with established not-for-profit agencies that continually show both the capability to plan for, as well as the ability to provide direct intervention and housing assistance to eligible clients and their families. Proposals are evaluated on criteria such as technical services, organization, experience, and budget to name a few. Funds were awarded to sponsors who submitted proposals that best met, or exceeded the required criteria and provided a detailed budget, which best met the needs of HOPWA clients.

case management - \$200,000 •PHP- Permanente Housing Placement - \$14,300 - Facility-Based Short-term/Transitional Housing - \$5,000 Project sponsor may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Describe threshold Project sponsors may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant	To address urgent needs of People living with AIDS/HIV and to assist in meeting the State's goal, project sponsors may select from the following eligible HOPWA activities:
•Supportive Services to include nutrition, transportation, housing information services, and non-medicase management - \$200,000 •PHP- Permanente Housing Placement - \$14,300 - Facility-Based Short-term/Transitional Housing - \$5,000 Project sponsor may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Pescribe threshold factors and grant size Project sponsors may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Also, the Tennessee Department of Health will not exceeded the 3% administrative can be also be a server of the NODWA program.	•STRMU- Short term rent, mortgage and utility assistance - \$500,000
case management - \$200,000 •PHP- Permanente Housing Placement - \$14,300 - Facility-Based Short-term/Transitional Housing - \$5,000 Project sponsor may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Project sponsors may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Also, the Tennessee Department of Health will not exceeded the 3% administrative cases the HODMA are grant administrative cases.	•TBRA- Tenant based rental assistance - \$19,000
- Facility-Based Short-term/Transitional Housing - \$5,000 Project sponsor may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Project sponsors may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Also, the Tennessee Department of Health will not exceeded the 3% administrative can be also be administrative can be also be als	•Supportive Services to include nutrition, transportation, housing information services, and non-medicase management - \$200,000
Project sponsor may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Project sponsors may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Also, the Tennessee Department of Health will not exceeded the 3% administrative can be also be administrative can be also b	•PHP- Permanente Housing Placement - \$14,300
administration. Project sponsors may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant administration. Also, the Tennessee Department of Health will not exceeded the 3% administrative calls.	- Facility-Based Short-term/Transitional Housing - \$5,000
factors and grant size administration. Also, the Tennessee Department of Health will not exceeded the 3% administrative ca	
for the HODWA was are	Project sponsors may also use funds for allocation of indirect cost of no more than 7% for grant
limits. for the HOPWA program.	administration. Also, the Tennessee Department of Health will not exceeded the 3% administrative cap
	for the HOPWA program.
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	What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The state envisions the use of STRMU services and permanent housing placement to enhance the availability and sustainability by way of prevention of homelessness. HOPWA is also exploring the opportunity to provide tenant-based rental assistance to prevent homelessness among this population. The 7 project sponsors across the State will implement supportive services of various types to prevent homelessness. Our goal include meeting more with Project sponsors by leading the development of resources needed to advance services adequately and timely to prevent homelessness. This will be accomplished through monthly conference calls and training and though bi-annual statewide meetings to discuss challenges, barriers, outcomes and new ideas to improving care. For additional information to HOPWA goals see AP-70 HOPWA Goals-90.320(k)(4) in the State's action plan.
7	State Program Name:	National Housing Trust Fund
	Funding Sources:	Housing Trust Fund
	Describe the state program addressed by the Method of Distribution.	The National Housing Trust Fund (NHTF) is an affordable housing production program that will complement existing Federal, state and local efforts to increase and preserve the supply of decent, safe, and sanitary affordable housing for extremely low- and very low-income households, including homeless families.

Describe all of the criteria that will be used to select applications and the relative importance of these criteria.

Geographic Diversity. THDA will accept/consider proposals that are consistent with the State's certification to AFFH. THDA will establish a minimum score threshold that must be received to be eligible for NHTF funding. This minimum score ensures that sound, well-designed, and financially viable rental housing will be financed using the NHTF. THDA will rank applications by TN grand division that receive the minimum score. THDA will select the highest scoring application from each grand division. If additional funding is available, THDA will rank all remaining applications in a single ranking score. Those remaining applications that receive the highest score will be selected until funding runs out. Given the limited funding available statewide and to disperse the NHTF across Tennessee, THDA reserves the right to limit funding to only one award per county. THDA reserves the right to not select a proposed project if sufficient funding is not available to award all funds requested by the applicant. In such instances and at its sole and absolute discretion, THDA may move to the next lower scoring project to meet its commitment obligations under the NHTF.

Ability to obligate NHTF funds. THDA will evaluate the experience of the entire proposed team with owning, developing and managing projects of similar size and scope serving the intended population proposed. Applicants and their development team must undergo an evaluation by THDA of their capacity to carry out the proposed housing project. THDA will evaluate the experience and capacity of the organization to ensure compliance with the requirements and regulations of all Federal, State and local housing programs used in conjunction with NHTF funds; THDA will evaluate the history of the applicant and their team in serving the community in which the NHTF-assisted housing is proposed.

Ability to undertake eligible activities in a timely manner. Applicant must be capable of undertaking and completing NHTF-funded activities in a timely manner. THDA will evaluate past performance of the applicant in completing THDA funded activities.

For rental housing, the extent to which the project has Federal, State or local project-based rental assistance so rents are affordable to extremely low-income families. THDA will provide a preference for applications which propose to preserve existing housing with project-based rental assistance and for proposals with binding commitments of project-based vouchers to the project.

For rental housing, the duration of the units' affordability period. All rental developments assisted with NHTF resources will have a 30 year affordability period.

Merits of the application in meeting the State's priority housing needs. THDA will prioritize applications in county's with a higher rental housing need based on variables determined by THDA, which may include, but is not limited to, percent of extremely low-income renters, population growth rate, vacancy rate, and the pipeline of rental housing under construction. Additionally, THDA will provide a priority for applications located in census tracts of opportunity based on variables to be determined by THDA, which may include median gross rent, high cost burden, proximity to employment, high workforce participation, low levels of abandoned housing, rental market vacancy rate, and the pipeline of rental housing under construction. **Extent to which application makes use of non-federal funding sources.** To encourage the diversity of funding, THDA will provide a preference for applications that include the use of non-THDA, federal and non-federal resources towards the development of the housing. THDA will not consider rental assistance provided for the purposes of this category. THDA will award points based on the actual percentage of other non-THDA funds in the project against the total development costs of the project. If only summary criteria were described, how can potential applicants access application manuals or other state publications describing the application criteria? (CDBG only)

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Describe the process for	
awarding funds to state	
recipients and how the	
state will make its	
allocation available	
to units of general local	
government, and non-	
profit organizations,	
including community and	
faith-based	
organizations. (ESG only)	
Identify the method of	
selecting project	
sponsors (including	
providing full access to	
grassroots faith-based	
and other	
community-based	
organizations). (HOPWA	
only)	
omy,	

for operating cost assistance and operating cost assistance reserves for NHTF assisted housing for which
project-based rental assistance is not available. The State reserves the right to reallocate uncommitted operating funds to development costs if qualified applications for operating funds are insufficient to award all operating funds.
The grant minimum is \$250,000 and the grant maximum is \$750,000. There is no difference in minimum or maximum for non-entitlement, entitlement, urban and rural jurisdictions. THDA reserves the right to limit the number of grants per county to ensure that needs in a range of counties are met.
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What are the outcome measures expected as a result of the method of distribution?	The outcome measure is that the activities under the NHTF effectively address the housing needs of extremely low-income households.

Discussion

NHTF: information will be available via the THDA website.

AP-35 Projects – (Optional)

Introduction

2017 Projects

#	Project Name
1	2016-2019 State of Tennessee TNH16F999 (TN)
2	2016-2019 Nashville CARES TNH16F999 (NC)
3	2016-2019 Chattanooga CARES TNH16F999 (CC)
4	2016-2019 West TN Legal Services TNH16F999 (WTLS)
5	2016-2019 Positively Living TNH16F999 (PL)
6	2016-2019 Upper Cumberland Human Resource Agency TNH16F999 (UCHRA)
7	2016-2019 Frontier Health TNH16F999 (FH)
8	2016-2019 Columbia CARES TNH16F999 (Col C)

Table 10 – Project Information

AP-38 Project Summary

Project Summary Information

Table 11 – Project Summary

1	Project Name	2016-2019 State of Tennessee TNH16F999 (TN)
	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	
	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$28,500
	Description	Offer prevention services aimed at homeless to HIV/AIDS individuals and beneficiaries through seven (7) non-profit service providers: Columbia CARES, Nashville CARES, Chattanooga CARES, West TN Legal Services (WTLS), Frontier MH, Upper Cumberland Human Resource Agency (UC), East TN Human Resource Agency (ETHRA).
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	
2	Project Name	2016-2019 Nashville CARES TNH16F999 (NC)
	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	
	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$74,200

	Description	HIV/AIDS homeless prevention
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	
3	Project Name	2016-2019 Chattanooga CARES TNH16F999 (CC)
	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	
	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$229,100
	Description	Homeless prevention services for HIV/AIDS individuals and beneficiaries
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	
4	Project Name	2016-2019 West TN Legal Services TNH16F999 (WTLS)
	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	

	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$146,500
	Description	Provide homeless prevention services for HIV/AIDS individual and beneficiaries
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	
5	Project Name	2016-2019 Positively Living TNH16F999 (PL)
	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	
	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$287,200
	Description	Provides homeless prevention service to HIV/AIDS individuals and beneficiaries
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	
	Project Name	2016-2019 Upper Cumberland Human Resource Agency TNH16F999 (UCHRA)

6	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	
	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$63,200
	Description	Provide HIV/AIDS homeless prevention services for diagnosed individuals and beneficiaries
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	
7	Project Name	2016-2019 Frontier Health TNH16F999 (FH)
	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	
	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$100,000
	Description	Provide HIV/AIDS homeless prevention services for diagnosed individuals and their beneficiaries
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	

	Planned Activities	
8	Project Name	2016-2019 Columbia CARES TNH16F999 (Col C)
	Target Area	
	Goals Supported	
	Needs Addressed	
	Funding	\$91,100
	Description	Provide homeless prevention service for HIV/AIDS individuals and beneficiaries.
	Target Date	June 30, 2018
	Estimate the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activities	
	Location Description	
	Planned Activities	

AP-40 Section 108 Loan Guarantee – 91.320(k)(1)(ii)

Will the state help non-entitlement units of general local government to apply for Section 108 loan funds?

No

Available Grant Amounts

NA

Acceptance process of applications

NA

AP-45 Community Revitalization Strategies – 91.320(k)(1)(ii)

Will the state allow units of general local government to carry out community revitalization strategies?

No

State's Process and Criteria for approving local government revitalization strategies

NA

AP-50 Geographic Distribution – 91.320(f)

Description of the geographic areas of the state (including areas of low-income and minority concentration) where assistance will be directed

Funds are directed to the areas of the state with greatest need and/or areas that have had disproportionately fewer funds made available to them. HOME uses the Not Proportionally Served measure to advantage counties not receiving as many funds per capita than other counties. The HOME competition divides the resources between urban and rural counties so as to ensure a mixture of urban/city served by the state's HOME program.

All applicants for the TN CDBG program are considered and scored in the same way. All applicants (other than those considered under the slums and blight and urgent need national objectives) must serve at least 51% LMI households. There is not a specific geographic distribution planned.

NHTF: non-profit and for-profit entities in both entitlement and non-entitlement jurisdictions statewide are eligible to apply for NHTF dollars however there will be a preference for areas of the state with the greatest need and/or projects that develop housing for extremely low-income households (residents earning less than 30% AMI) in areas of opportunity, as defined by the opportunity score developed by THDA.

Geographic Distribution

Target Area	Percentage of Funds
Non-Entitlement Statewide Grant Allocation Priority	100

Table 12 - Geographic Distribution

Rationale for the priorities for allocating investments geographically

CDBG: In the past, geographic location was not part of the method of distribution for CDBG. Projects are selected based solely on how they compare to the other similar projects and if the eligible applicants have open projects.

HOME: Is competitive within certain categories. HOME funds are made available for competition as follows: 15% to the CHDO set-aside, and 70% allocated for urban and rural areas of the state, based upon the percentage of low-income households in the designated urban and rural counties, excluding local HOME Participating Jurisdictions (PJs). The urban allocation is 45% of the funds allocated to urban and rural areas and the rural allocation is 55% of the funds allocated to urban and rural areas. Local PJs are local governments in Tennessee that receive HOME funds directly from HUD: Bristol, Johnson City, Bluff City, Kingsport, Sullivan County, Washington County, Chattanooga, Clarksville, Jackson, Knoxville,

Memphis, Nashville-Davidson, Knox County and Shelby County. Urban and rural designations are based on the percent of the county's population who live in areas designated as rural. THDA will spend up to ten percent (10%) of its 2017 HOME allocation for administrative and planning expenses, (four percent (4%) for its own administrative expenses and six percent (6%) is available to pay the administrative costs of local governments and non-CHDO non-profit grant recipients).

ESG: THDA will spend up to 7.5% of its ESG allocation for administrative and planning expenses. THDA will share the amount available for administration with the small city entitlement communities that do not receive their own ESG allocation from HUD as well as other successful local government applications in the Competitive Round. Non-profit agencies are not eligible to receive funds for administration. For FY17 THDA will allocate \$150,000 each to the cities of Clarksville, Johnson City, Knoxville, and Murfreesboro. Each of these jurisdictions have either recently lost their direct ESG allocation from HUD or are the location of a major entity serving veterans, a key priority under the Tennessee State Plan to End Homelessness. Each program will operate its ESG program in accordance with its approved Consolidated Plan. Eligible activities include street outreach, shelter activities, homeless prevention, rapid re-housing, Homeless Management Information Systems (HMIS) and administration activities. The remaining ESG funds after the Small Cities Set-Aside and administration are will be allocated to eligible applicants in a competitive grant application process.

HOPWA: Pursuant to HOPWA regulations, changes in eligible jurisdictions for HOPWA may occur if a metropolitan area reaches a population of more than 500,000 and more than 2,000 persons living with HIV or AIDS and states with more than 2,000 persons living with HIV or AIDS outside of eligible metropolitan areas. EMSAs receive HOPWA funds directly from HUD annually. At the inception of State HOPWA, it was determined that State HOPWA would serve non-EMSAs only. The State is divided into seven HOPWA regions (East Tennessee, North East Tennessee, Upper Cumberland, Mid Cumberland, Mid Cumberland, South Central Tennessee, West Tennessee and South East Tennessee). The State has entered into a grant agreement with the seven regions for FY17-18. The formula for regional distribution of funds will be determined by the ratio of HIV/AIDS cases reported in each region to the total number of cases reported statewide.

NHTF: non-profit and for-profit entities in entitlement and non-entitlement jurisdictions statewide are eligible to apply for NHTF funds. In total, 10% of funds will serve as an administrative fee for THDA. Up to 33% may be used for operating cost assistance and operating cost assistance reserves for NHTF assisted housing for which project-based rental assistance is not available. The State reserves the right to reallocate uncommitted operating funds to development costs if qualified applications for operating funds are insufficient to award all operating funds.

Discussion

Affordable Housing

AP-55 Affordable Housing - 24 CFR 91.320(g)

Introduction

The state supports multiple housing goals with the Consolidated Plan programs. A summary of the one-year goals are presented below.

One Year Goals for the Number of Households to be Supported		
Homeless	0	
Non-Homeless	0	
Special-Needs	900	
Total	900	

Table 13 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Requirement

One Year Goals for the Number of Households Supported Through	
Rental Assistance	1,560
The Production of New Units	63
Rehab of Existing Units	0
Acquisition of Existing Units	0
Total	1,623

Table 14 - One Year Goals for Affordable Housing by Support Type

Discussion

A number of other affordable housing activities taken on by the state are not reflected in the numbers above. Much of the ESG assistance provided is not a dedicated unit, as is required to be reported above, but instead is support for a homeless household. In all, we expect to assist directly or indirectly around 15,000 homeless households.

NHTF: The State of Tennessee estimates that it will develop 48 affordable housing units for extremely low-income households with funds from this program year.

AP-60 Public Housing - 24 CFR 91.320(j)

Introduction

Actions planned during the next year to address the needs to public housing

THDA supports Tennessee's Public Housing Authorities (PHAs) participating in HUD's Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program. During this Consolidated Planning period, we met with PHAs on the RAD waiting list and drafted language preferencing RAD developments in the Public Housing Authority Set-Aside for the 2018 Low Income Tax Credit (LIHTC) Qualified Allocation Plan. THDA has supported RAD development in four of the last five QAPs. Tennessee RAD developments are located in Qualified Census Tracts (QCTs) and through RAD preferences, THDA is able to assist PHAs redevelop housing in these areas serving lower-income households.

Actions to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

THDA manages a Family Self Sufficiency (FSS) program for its Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) Program participants, which includes financial counseling and pre-purchase homeownership counseling for participants. THDA also offers a homeownership voucher option to participants of the FSS program. THDA is not able to offer these services to families participating in other PHA public housing or HCV programs.

If the PHA is designated as troubled, describe the manner in which financial assistance will be provided or other assistance

NA

AP-65 Homeless and Other Special Needs Activities – 91.320(h) Introduction

The objectives of the ESG program are:

- 1. To help improve the quality of emergency shelters for the homeless;
- 2. To help meet the costs of operating and maintaining emergency shelters;
- 3. To provide essential services so that homeless individuals have access to the assistance they need to improve their situation;
- 4. To provide street outreach services to the homeless; and
- 5. To provide emergency intervention assistance and rapid re-housing services to prevent homelessness and to obtain permanent housing.

Describe the jurisdictions one-year goals and actions for reducing and ending homelessness including:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

Eligible street outreach activities among ESG grantees include: Essential services to eligible participants provided on the street or in parks, abandoned buildings, bus stations, campgrounds, and in other such settings where unsheltered persons are staying. Staff salaries related to carrying out street outreach are also eligible.

Eligible Program Participants: Unsheltered individuals and families who qualify as homeless under Category 1 of HUD's Definition of Homelessness

Allowable Activities:

- Engagement Activities to locate, identify, and build relationships with unsheltered homeless
 persons for the purpose of providing immediate support, intervention, and connections with
 homeless assistance programs and/or social services and housing programs. Eligible costs
 include: initial assessment of need and eligibility; providing crisis counseling; addressing urgent
 physical needs; and actively connecting and providing information and referral. Eligible costs
 also include the cell phone costs of outreach workers during the performance of these activities
- Case Management Assessing housing and service needs, and coordinating the delivery of
 individualized services. Eligible costs include: using a Continuum of Care centralized or
 coordinated assessment system; initial evaluation including verifying and documenting
 eligibility; counseling; helping to obtain Federal, State and local benefits; providing information
 and referral to other providers; and developing an individualized housing/service plan
- Emergency Health Services Outpatient treatment of urgent medical conditions by licensed

- medical professionals; and providing medication and follow-up services
- Emergency Mental Health Services Outpatient treatment of urgent mental health conditions by licensed professionals; medication costs and follow up services
- Transportation Travel by outreach workers or other service providers during the provision of eligible outreach activities; costs of transportation of clients to emergency shelters or other service providers; and costs of public transportation for clients.
- Services to Special Populations Essential Services that have been tailored to address the needs of homeless youth, victims of domestic violence, and related crimes/threats, and/or people living with HIV/AIDS who are literally homeless.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

Eligible emergency shelter activities among ESG grantees include: essential services and operational expenses.

Eligible Participants: Individuals and families who qualify as homeless under Categories 1 and 4 of HUD's Definition of Homelessness.

Allowable Activities:

Essential Services - This includes services concerned with employment, health, drug abuse, education and staff salaries necessary to provide these services and may include, but are not limited to: Assistance in obtaining permanent housing; Medical and psychological counseling and supervision; Employment counseling; Nutritional counseling; Substance abuse treatment and counseling; Assistance in obtaining other Federal, State and local assistance including mental health benefits; employment counseling; medical assistance; Veteran's benefits; and income support assistance such as Supplemental Security Income, Food Stamps and Aid to Families with Dependent Children; Other services such as child care, legal services, life skills training, transportation, job placement and job training; and Staff salaries necessary to provide the above services. Operating expenses - Payment of eligible operation costs related to the operation of emergency and transitional housing, including but not limited to, maintenance, operation, rent, repair, security, fuel, equipment, insurance, utilities, food and furnishings.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

Eligible rapid-rehousing activities among ESG grantees include: Activities related to help a homeless

individual or family to move into permanent housing.

Eligible Participants: Individuals and families who meet the definition of "homeless" who live in an emergency shelter or other place described in the definition provided by HUD.

Allowable Activities for Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing: Financial Assistance – Rental application fee (excludes pet deposit); moving costs; security deposit for rental or utility; payment of rental arrears up to six months; and short-term (up to 3 months) or medium-term (up to 9 months) rental and/or utility assistance.

Short and Medium Term Rental Assistance Requirements and Restrictions

- Compliance with FMR (Fair Market Rents) and Rent Reasonableness;
- For purposes of calculating rent, the rent must equal the sum of the total rent, any fees required for rental (excluding late fees and pet deposits), and, if the tenant pays separately for utilities (excluding telephone) the monthly allowance for utilities as established by the public housing authority for the area in which the housing is located
- Compliance with minimum habitability standards;
- Tenant based rental assistance means that participants select a housing unit in which to live and
 receive rental assistance. Project based rental assistance means that grantees identify
 permanent housing units that meet ESG requirements and enter into a rental assistance
 agreement with the owner to reserve the unit and subsidize it so that eligible program
 participants have access to the unit;
- A standard and legal lease must be in place;
- No rental assistance can be provided to a household receiving assistance from another public source for the same time period (with the exception of rental arrears); and
- Participants must meet with a case manager at least monthly for the duration of the assistance (participants who are victims of domestic violence are exempt if meeting would increase the risk of danger to client).
- The Grantee must develop an individualized plan to help the program participant remain in permanent housing after the ESG assistance ends.
- Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services Housing search and placement; assessment of
 housing barriers and needs; landlord mediation; legal services resolving landlord/tenant
 matters; assistance with submitting rental applications and leases; assessment of housing for
 habitability, lead-based paint and rent reasonableness; case management; HMIS data collection
 and submission; credit repair counseling; budget classes; and monitoring and re-evaluating
 program participants.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely

low-income individuals and families and those who are: being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); or, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

Eligible prevention activities among ESG grantees include: Activities related to preventing persons from becoming homeless and to assist participants in regaining stability in their current or other permanent housing.

Eligible Participants: Extremely low-income individuals and families with household incomes of at or below 30% of Area Median Income who qualify as homeless under Categories 2, 3 and 4 of HUD's Definition of Homelessness or any category of HUD's Definition of "At Risk of Homelessness".

Allowable Activities for Prevention and Rapid Re-Housing: Financial Assistance – Rental application fee (excludes pet deposit); moving costs; security deposit for rental or utility; payment of rental arrears up to six months; and short-term (up to 3 months) or medium-term (up to 9 months) rental and/or utility assistance.

Short and Medium Term Rental Assistance Requirements and Restrictions

- Compliance with FMR (Fair Market Rents) and Rent Reasonableness;
- For purposes of calculating rent, the rent must equal the sum of the total rent, any fees required for rental (excluding late fees and pet deposits), and, if the tenant pays separately for utilities (excluding telephone) the monthly allowance for utilities as established by the public housing authority for the area in which the housing is located;
- Compliance with minimum habitability standards;
- Tenant based rental assistance means that participants select a housing unit in which to live and
 receive rental assistance. Project based rental assistance means that grantees identify
 permanent housing units that meet ESG requirements and enter into a rental assistance
 agreement with the owner to reserve the unit and subsidize it so that eligible program
 participants have access to the unit;
- A standard and legal lease must be in place;
- No rental assistance can be provided to a household receiving assistance from another public source for the same time period (with the exception of rental arrears); and
- Participants must meet with a case manager at least monthly for the duration of the assistance (participants who are victims of domestic violence are exempt if meeting would increase the risk of danger to client).
- The Grantee must develop an individualized plan to help the program participant remain in permanent housing after the ESG assistance ends.
- Housing Relocation and Stabilization Services Housing search and placement; assessment of

housing barriers and needs; landlord mediation; legal services resolving landlord/tenant matters; assistance with submitting rental applications and leases; assessment of housing for habitability, lead-based paint and rent reasonableness; case management; HMIS data collection and submission; credit repair counseling; budget classes; and monitoring and re-evaluating program participants.

Some populations with specialized needs have also been prioritized to ensure they are helped with their housing needs. The Tennessee Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services (TDMHSAS) will use their ESG funds for homeless assistance and prevention activities through its established network of housing agencies providing services to clients being discharged from medical and mental health facilities.

Discussion

Outside of the ESG funding priorities, THDA has a strategic priority to address the housing needs of youth transitioning out of foster care and ex-offenders. To support the development of affordable housing for these populations, THDA has provided competitive grants and additional points to PHAs and other non-profit housing providers through our Housing Trust Fund to construct units for youth transitioning out of foster care and ex-offenders.

AP-70 HOPWA Goals - 91.320(k)(4)

One year goals for the number of households to be provided housing through the use of HOPWA for:		
Short-term rent, mortgage, and utility assistance to prevent homelessness of the individual or		
family	300	
Tenant-based rental assistance	2	
Units provided in permanent housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with HOPWA		
funds	17	
Units provided in transitional short-term housing facilities developed, leased, or operated with		
HOPWA funds	20	
Total	339	

AP-75 Barriers to affordable housing - 91.320(i)

Introduction

The Tennessee Consolidated Planning Partners are committed to affirmatively furthering fair housing. We continue to take steps to remove barriers to affordable housing that were identified in Tennessee's Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice.

Actions it planned to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment

TNECD supports statewide and local fair housing trainings and other educational events that address the various barriers to fair housing. TNECD supports the implementation of fair housing ordinances and policies for local governments. Additionally, TNECD is working with THDA and the TN Fair Housing Council to develop a fair housing guide directed specifically to local government officials and employees.

For FY17-18, THDA will complete the following actions in support of our Annual Action Plan to affirmatively further fair housing.

- Sponsor, support, participate in, and attend three statewide fair housing conferences across the state.
- Provide THDA fair housing education to all THDA employees through: Customized program training for program staff and fair housing overview training for other THDA staff.
- Launch an online employee Title VI & Fair Housing training module and quiz, of which all employees will complete.
- Offer online training for Title VI & Fair Housing to sub-recipients and other partners.
- Enhance sub-recipient, owner and managers training by adding fair housing, renters' rights and Title VI training to each THDA sponsored workshop during.
- Develop a page to be added to TNHousingSearch.org that identifies fair housing issues and renters' rights responsibilities along with contact information for questions on discrimination. There are also plans to revamp of the Resources page which will include fair housing information.
- Sponsor, support and attend the workshops on Fair Housing Lending conducted by West Tennessee Legal Services in September 2017.
- Sponsor, support and attend the Knoxville Livability Summit to educate persons with disabilities on fair housing issues and help them find accessible housing opportunities.
- THDA presented fair housing training for PHAs at TAHRA's Spring Workshop in 2016 and plans to expand on that training for future TAHRA workshops.
- Sessions addressing Fair Housing are planned for the 2017 Governor's Housing Conference

- Develop the AFFH Guidebook for local governments and municipalities with TN-ECD and the TN
 Fair Housing Council. THDA has reached out to MTAS for assistance in adding a fair housing
 component to their training for new local government officials.
- A Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Analysis is underway to review where we have LEP language group(s) in areas of the state that constitute 5% or more of the population. The analysis will help guide a revision of our Language Assistance Plan and if as an agency we need take additional actions to serve our LEP population. As part of the analysis, a survey will be conducted with internal staff who interact with the public, sub-recipients/grantees, HBEI providers and lenders to determine their most common LEP encounters.
- Online training and in person workshops are scheduled to review responsibilities in accordance with the Limited English Proficiency (LEP) Analysis as mentioned above.

Discussion

In addition to the actions we plan to affirmatively further fair housing, we plan to continue participation in the discussion around the taxation of the Low Income Housing Tax Credits in affordable housing developments. As was mentioned in the Consolidated Plan, efforts to study the effect of this taxation on existing and future properties was completed by Tennessee Advisory Council on Intergovernmental Relations. THDA has worked with the General Assembly and other stakeholders to educate the public on the impact to affordability housing that a statewide implementation of this tax may have.

AP-85 Other Actions – 91.320(j)

Introduction

Actions planned to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs

Tennessee is committed to tackling the needs identified in the Consolidated Plan: affordable housing, community development and infrastructure, and housing and services for the homeless as well as those with special needs. Each program uses the information on need to inform their program actions. Funds are directed to the areas of the state with greatest need and/or areas that have had disproportionately fewer funds made available to them. HOME uses the "Not Proportionally Served" measure to advantage counties not receiving as many funds per capita than other counties. CBDG uses the "Ability to Pay" measure that determines the level of local financial contribution that is required, allowing impoverished communities receiving grants to receive more funds. This ability-to-pay determination includes per capita income, the value of taxable property, and the value of taxable sales. The National Housing Trust Fund will use an opportunity score in order to promote the production of affordable housing in areas of opportunity. This will enable residents in need to have more access to opportunity and resources.

Actions planned to foster and maintain affordable housing

The State of Tennessee will continue to invest HOME and CDBG funds to promote the production, preservation, and rehabilitation of affordable housing for individuals and families of low- and very lowincome. The state will also invest National Housing Trust Fund dollars to promote the production, preservation, and rehabilitation of affordable housing for individuals and families of extremely lowincome. The state will also invest in community infrastructure to support communities that are home to low income households. ESG and HOPWA also provide affordable housing both permanent and short term to special needs populations to support their affordable housing needs. The state also maintains relationships with local organizations which provide alternative housing services to fill the gaps between government-funded programs. This has been an important part to both fostering and maintaining affordable housing throughout the state.

Additional efforts are being made, both through regulatory and development avenues, to find new ways of providing quality, affordable housing. Energy efficiency improvements to the existing housing stock, emergency repair programs, and low-income housing tax credits are just some of the housing considerations being made to foster more housing that is affordable and in close proximity to resources and services. Further, THDA launched the Tennessee Housing Trust Fund which targets assistance to persons of very low income, those earning 50% or less of the area median income. Within the Housing Trust Fund, competitive grants support the chronically homeless, persons with mental retardation or mental illness, citizens with developmental disabilities, single mothers recovering from substance

addiction or physical abuse, veterans with multiple needs and ex-offenders re-entering society. In 2006, the Housing Trust Fund was established with \$12 million of THDA funds over a two-year period. Currently, the Housing Trust Fund is \$7.5 million per year. This allows for complementary housing activities in addition to those funding with CDBG and HOME funds, providing or maintaining critical affordable housing throughout Tennessee. In FY 17-18 THDA will implement the Challenge Grant Program that provides initial seed funding to support the fundraising efforts of nonprofit organizations across Tennessee to implement housing activities that represent unique milestones, are part of a broad community initiative, or are part of a significant expansion of work outside the normal day to day activities of the organization. This program will provide opportunities to support unique projects that result in significant community or regional impact. THDA developed the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program Qualified Contract Guide to assist buyers that are willing to purchase and maintain properties that are eligible to opt-out of the LIHTC program. THDA is developing a network of qualified purchasers and will market qualified LIHTC properties on their website to find the best sales contracts which will maintain the affordable housing inventory in Tennessee.

Actions planned to reduce lead-based paint hazards

The State of Tennessee addresses hazards of lead based paint in the state through the following programs/initiatives. In May 1999, by state legislation, the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC) was given the necessary authority to have lead-based paint training in the state. The legislation also gave TDEC the authority to monitor lead abatement in the state to assure that contractors and owners of units comply with applicable laws. The division of solid waste management of TDEC received authorization from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on January 17, 2001, to administer the program in the state. The state has established guidelines for training of lead-abatement contractors and their workers in the state.

Lead-based paint policies are also in effect for the CDBG, NHTF, and HOME programs in the state. Specifically, grantees must give participants notice of possible lead hazards within the unit when the house is pre-1978, informing them of possible lead dangers. For families with children under age seven, grantees must inspect units that might have lead contamination and provide the necessary abatement or encapsulation activities. Families must be given a federally approved pamphlet on lead poisoning prevention.

Housing assisted with ESG funds is subject to the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act and the Act's implementing regulations at 24 CFR Part 35, Subparts C through M for any building constructed prior to 1978. Grantees using ESG funds only for essential services and operating expenses must comply with Subpart K to eliminate as far as practical lead-based paint hazards in a residential property that receives federal assistance for acquisition, leasing, support services or operation activities. Grantees using ESG funds for renovation, major rehabilitation or conversion must comply with Subpart J to eliminate as far as practical lead-based paint hazards that receives federal assistance for

rehabilitation. The Lead-Based Paint Regulations are available at www.hud.gov/lea.

The Tennessee Department of Health, Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program, provides lead poisoning information such as lead sources and prevention tips for parents and health care professional. The Prevention Programs requires TennCare, the state health system for uninsured persons, to test children enrolled in the program. All children, regardless of payer source, with elevated blood lead levels receive case management services. Children with a blood lead level that repeats elevated or is > 20 μ g/dl may receive an environmental investigation per the physician's request. The department links with the Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation's information on lead assessment and abatement programs.

Actions planned to reduce the number of poverty-level families

In all the work done by the Consolidated Partners to address housing and community development needs, low, very low and extremely low households are being served. Through the services provided through the five programs addressed in this plan and the other resources brought to bear on housing and community development needs across the state, the economic well-being of families is being addressed through safe, sound affordable housing and communities.

CDBG – For several years, the CDBG program did not separate extremely low-, very low-, and low-income beneficiary data to show participants below 30 percent of the AMI. ECD is now collecting data on program participants below 30 percent of the AMI. Also, as a part of its scoring mechanism for housing rehabilitation, project need points are awarded based on the number of persons with higher poverty levels in the state, specifically persons 62 years of age or above, and/or female heads-of-household, and/or disabled individuals.

HOME – The HOME Program serves very low- and low-income households. Very low-income households are defined as those households whose annual income is 50 percent or less of the AMI for the county in which the household resides. Low-income households are defined as those households whose annual income is between 50 percent and 80 percent of the AMI for the county in which the household resides. Additionally, the THDA Board of Directors has expressed intent that very low-income persons be served. In 2015, 66 percent of HOME beneficiaries were very low-income households.

NHTF - The NHTF exclusively serves extremely low-income households earning less than 30% AMI. This is a new program therefore the statistics on previous clients served through this program are not available.

Additionally, the state coordinates resources so that services to households at or below 80% AMI are effectively administered. Continued coordination efforts include plans to further address the housing needs of youth transitioning from foster care and to support the housing needs for non-traditional

students pursuing post-secondary education degrees.

Actions planned to develop institutional structure

Please see below.

Actions planned to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies

To address this as well as the development of the institutional structure, it is important to recognize the grantees in the Consolidated Planning programs as well as the partnerships each of the state Consolidated Planning partners foster above and beyond these four programs. By using CHDOs, local and regional governments, and social service agencies, the State has invested in the existing structure to implement our programs while requiring and monitoring a level of quality that improves the housing affordability and quality of the units impacted by these funds.

Additionally, THDA remains a strong supporter of the state and regional Affordable Housing Coalitions. We remain committed to providing staffing support to the Coalitions as they continue their transition to full independence from THDA. The Coalition is made up of 251 members. Of these 100 are non-profits, 48 are municipal entities (including PHA's), 35 represent financial institutions (including CDFI's), 11 are state or Federal government officials, and 57 are other (including developers, realtors, consultants, property managers, etc.).

THDA has a Lender/Realtor Advisory Board that assists us in ensuring that our programs are responsive to the needs of our consumers and our partners.

Our grantees are local governments, regional Development Districts and not-for-profits. Each of these partnerships adds strength to the overall institutional structure as well as the strong public-private partnerships that exist throughout the state.

Additionally, THDA promotes participation and the active involvement of HCV residents in all aspects of the Housing Choice Voucher program mission and operation. HCV participants are invited to serve on a Resident Advisory Board to represent their interests. THDA's Resident Advisory Board is composed of active HCV participants who provide supportive assistance to HCV personnel. The Resident Advisory Board consist of a maximum of fifteen (15) members. If more than fifteen (15) persons volunteer for the Board, THDA utilizes a random selection process to ensure proportionate representation from the East, West and Middle divisions of the state. In addition, as required by the federal regulations, the THDA Board of Directors includes one eligible resident board member who is eligible to vote on Housing Choice Voucher program issues. The goal of the Resident Advisory Board is to positively impact the overall quality and delivery of HCV services and improve the overall quality of life for HCV participants.

Program Specific Requirements

AP-90 Program Specific Requirements – 91.320(k)(1,2,3)

Community Development Block Grant Program (CDBG) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(1)

Projects planned with all CDBG funds expected to be available during the year are identified in the Projects Table. The following identifies program income that is available for use that is included in projects to be carried out.

Total Program Income:	1,280,364
5. The amount of income from float-funded activities	0
has not been included in a prior statement or plan	0
4. The amount of any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use	9
3. The amount of surplus funds from urban renewal settlements	0
strategic plan.	0
year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the grantee's	
2. The amount of proceeds from section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the	2
the next program year and that has not yet been reprogrammed	1,280,364
1. The total amount of program income that will have been received before the start of	

Other CDBG Requirements

1. The amount of urgent need activities

1,000,000

2. The estimated percentage of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low and moderate income. Overall Benefit - A consecutive period of one, two or three years may be used to determine that a minimum overall benefit of 70% of CDBG funds is used to benefit persons of low and moderate income. Specify the years covered that include this Annual Action Plan.

95.00%

HOME Investment Partnership Program (HOME) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(2)

1. A description of other forms of investment being used beyond those identified in Section 92.205 is as follows:

NA

A description of the guidelines that will be used for resale or recapture of HOME funds when used
 State of Tennessee's Annual Action Plan

for homebuyer activities as required in 92.254, is as follows:

CHDOs must use HOME funds to develop units for homeownership, including new construction or acquisition and substantial rehabilitation of substandard single-family dwellings. HOME funds *are to be used as the primary method of financing* (without interest cost) for *the development of affordable single-family units*. The CHDO must be the owner-developer of the project. At the time of permanent financing the HOME funds are repaid to the CHDO as CHDO proceeds and are used to develop additional single-family units for homeownership. A CHDO must allow up to \$14,999 of HOME funds to remain with the unit as a soft second mortgage as necessary to qualify the household for permanent financing, but not less than \$1,000. THDA requires that a subsidy remain in the financing when the unit is sold so affordability is based on the less restrictive recapture provision of the HOME regulations. Any homeownership unit developed by a CHDO that cannot be sold to an eligible homeowner within nine months of project completion must be converted to rental housing and rented to an income eligible tenant.

Cities, counties and non-profit organizations (non-CHDO) – Homeownership programs are restricted to a soft second mortgage necessary to qualify the household for permanent financing.

Soft second mortgages – Any HOME funds used for a soft second mortgage in homeownership programs are limited to the lesser of \$14,999 in HOME funds or the amount of HOME funds necessary to qualify the household for permanent financing, but not less than \$1,000. All grant recipients using HOME for soft second mortgages must use the THDA single-family underwriting template to determine the amount of HOME assistance, and must submit the determination to THDA for review and final approval. If the underwriting template indicates that the homebuyer does not have an unmet need for the soft second mortgage, the grant recipient may not provide direct HOME assistance to that homebuyer. The amount of the soft second mortgage is the "direct HOME subsidy" provided to the homebuyer and subject to recapture.

The soft second mortgage will have an affordability period of five years which is forgiven at the end of the fifth year if the unit remains in compliance, i.e., the unit remains the permanent residence of the initial buyer and is not leased or vacated. If the unit is sold or transferred during the affordability period, the amount of the HOME subsidy subject to recapture will be reduced by twenty percent (20%) per year of occupancy by the initial homebuyer. If the unit is leased or vacated during the affordability period, the entire HOME subsidy must be repaid.

3. A description of the guidelines for resale or recapture that ensures the affordability of units acquired with HOME funds? See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4) are as follows:

Down Payment Programs by Local Communities or Non-CHDO Non-Profit Orgs: A grant recipient who is a local community or a non-CHDO non-profit organization may provide down payment and closing cost assistance as a soft second mortgage in an amount equal to the lesser of \$14,999 in

HOME funds or the amount of HOME funds necessary to qualify a household for permanent financing, but not less than \$1,000. There will be an affordability period of 5 years, secured by a Note and Deed of Trust between the grant recipient and the homebuyer. The HOME loan is forgiven at the end of the fifth year if the unit remains in compliance with HOME requirements. This means that the property remains the primary residence of the initial buyer and is not leased or vacated. If the property is sold or transferred at the end of the affordability period, the homebuyer has complied with these recapture provisions. If the unit is sold or transferred during the affordability period, the amount of the HOME subsidy subject to recapture will be reduced by 20% per year of occupancy by the initial homebuyer. If the unit is leased or vacated during the affordability period, the entire HOME subsidy must be repaid. CHDOS: At the time of the sale of the unit to an eligible homebuyer, the CHDO must leave up to \$14,999 of HOME funds in the unit as a soft second mortgage in an amount equal to the lesser of \$14,999 in HOME funds or the amount of HOME funds necessary to qualify a household for permanent financing, but not less than \$1,000. There will be an affordability period of five years, secured by a Note and Deed of Trust between the CHDO and the homebuyer. The HOME loan is forgiven at the end of the 5th year if the unit remains in compliance with HOME requirements. This means that the property remains the primary residence of the initial homebuyer and is not leased or vacated. If the property is sold or transferred at the end of the affordability period, the homebuyer has complied with these recapture provisions. If the unit is sold or transferred during the affordability period, the amount of the HOME subsidy subject to recapture will be reduced by 20% per year of occupancy by the initial homebuyer. If the unit is leased or vacated during the affordability period, the entire HOME subsidy must be repaid. Sale/Transfer of the Property: The HOME-assisted homebuyer may sell or otherwise transfer the unit on or before the end of the affordability period to any willing buyer at any price, and the amount of the HOME subsidy subject to recapture will be reduced by 20 percent per year of occupancy by the initial buyer. The amount subject to recapture is limited by the availability of net proceeds. The net proceeds are the sales price minus superior non-HOME loan repayments minus closing costs. If the net proceeds are not sufficient to recapture the remaining outstanding principal balance of the HOME Note plus the amount of the down payment made by the homeowner, if any, plus the amount of any capital improvement investment made by the homeowner, then the Grantee shall recapture a pro rata share of the net proceeds of the sale in lieu of the full remaining outstanding principal balance of the HOME Note. "Capital improvement investment" investment means the improvements to the property made at the homeowner's expense (and not through some other form of subsidy), as evidenced by receipts or cancelled checks detailing the capital improvements made. Capital improvements do not include items of maintenance, deferred maintenance or cosmetic improvements. The pro rata amount to be recaptured shall be calculated in accordance with the HOME Program Regulations at 24 CFR 92.254(a)(5)(ii)(A)(3).

4. Plans for using HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds along with a description of the refinancing guidelines required that

will be used under 24 CFR 92.206(b), are as follows:

NA

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Reference 24 CFR 91.320(k)(3)

1. Include written standards for providing ESG assistance (may include as attachment)

The written standards for providing ESG assistance, *The Emergency Solutions Grant Program Policies and Procedures* are attached and can also be found at the THDA website https://s3.amazonaws.com/thda.org/Documents/Business-Partners/Grant-Administrators/ESG-Program/ESG-Policies-and-Procedures.pdf

2. If the Continuum of Care has established centralized or coordinated assessment system that meets HUD requirements, describe that centralized or coordinated assessment system.

Tennessee has seven Continuums of Care under the ESG funding umbrella. Each CoC is attempting to address the coordinated assessment system in a way that meets the needs of the individual region. For instance, the Cities of Murfreesboro and Chattanooga, have centralized physical locations for those needing assistance. While effective for a city, the model does not work for the other CoC regions that cover eight to 23 counties. In Upper East Tennessee, led by Appalachian Regional Homeless Coalition (ARCH), there are three physical intake locations in Bristol, Kingsport and Johnson City at the Salvation Army offices. West Tennessee, led by TN Homeless Solutions, has created a hotline to assess over the phone and refer potential clients to the closest agency for services. The remaining CoCs (Homeless Advocacy for Rural TN, TN Valley Coalition to End Homelessness and Buffalo Valley) have opted for a centralized system of intake for their Continuum agencies. Using the 'No Wrong Door' philosophy each agency within a Continuum uses the same intake process/paperwork within that region.

3. Identify the process for making sub-awards and describe how the ESG allocation available to private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations).

The method of distribution across the geographic areas both with set asides and competition for funds is described in the AP-30 Method of Distribution section.

The State of Tennessee, through THDA, will accept applications for the ESG program from non-profit organizations. Non-profit applicants must submit **PART V: Non-Profit Checklist** with supporting documentation, and **PART VI: Non-Profit Board Composition**.

To be eligible to apply for ESG funding the non-profit organization must:

- Be organized and existing as a non-profit agency under Tennessee law, as evidenced by a Certificate
 of Existence from the Tennessee Secretary of State dated within six months of the application due
 date OR
- Be organized or existing under the laws of another state but eligible to conduct business in the State of Tennessee;
- Demonstrate at least two (2) years of experience providing affordable housing or affordable housing related services in the state of Tennessee satisfactory to THDA, in its sole discretion.
- Have no part of its net earnings inuring to the benefit of any member, founder, contributor or individual:
- Be established for charitable purposes and whose activities include, but are not limited to, the
 promotion of social welfare and the prevention or elimination of homelessness, as evidenced in its
 charter, articles of incorporation, resolutions or by-laws, and experience in the provision of shelter
 and services to the homeless;
- Have standards of financial accountability that conform to 24 CFR 84.21, Standards of Financial Management Systems; and
- Have an IRS designation under Section 501(c)(3) or Section 501(c)(4) of the federal tax code. A 501(c)(3) non-profit applicant may not submit an application until they have received their designation from the IRS. A 501(c)(4) non-profit applicant must provide documentation satisfactory to THDA, in its sole discretion, that the non-profit has filed the necessary materials with the IRS and received a response from the IRS demonstrating 501(c)(4) status.
- Faith-based organizations receiving ESG funds, like all organizations receiving HUD funds, must serve all eligible beneficiaries without regard to religion.
- Have approved established ESG Written Standards in accordance with Continuum of Care Coordinated Entry process.
- Submit certification of participation in local Continuum of Care activities and HMIS reporting.

Non-profit organizations are eligible to receive funds only if such funding is approved by the local government jurisdiction where programs are based. Each application from a nonprofit should contain **PART VII: Certification of Local Government Approval** specific to housing and service locations that it controls within each jurisdiction. This Attachment must be submitted to THDA at the time of application. If the organization intends to provide homeless assistance in a number of jurisdictions, the certification of approval must be submitted by each of the units of local government in which the projects are to be located. *Housing agencies funded by TDMHSAS are not eligible to apply for ESG funds through the Competitive Allocation*.

4. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR 576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering policies and funding decisions regarding facilities and services funded under ESG.

It is a requirement for all ESG subrecipients to formulate homelessness participation in their

program. It is required information on the application. All grantees either have a homeless or formerly homeless individual on staff or on the board, or they have incorporated a process to involve the homeless to participate in policy-making decisions.

5. Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG.

The Tennessee ESG Policies and Procedures Manual instructs grantees to adopt performance standards consistent with HUD and THDA program requirements.

Performance Standards/Measures: THDA must ensure that programs and activities funded through the ESG program meet certain Performance Standards as set by the local Continuum of Care, THDA, and HUD. The following is an example of the types of Standards that THDA and its sub-recipients will be required to meet in order to demonstrate success of the ESG program:

- Reducing the average length of time a person is homeless
- Reducing returns to homelessness
- Improving program coverage
- Reducing the number of homeless individuals and families
- Reducing the number of chronically homeless individuals and families
- Improving employment rate and income amounts of program participants
- Reducing first time homelessness
- Preventing homelessness and achieving independent living in permanent housing for families and youth defined as homeless under other Federal programs

Although THDA understands many sub-recipients have chosen to provide one-time emergency rent or utility assistance to prevent homelessness, sub-recipients receiving ESG funds should use all available resources that will ensure the ongoing housing stability of program participants.

Discussion

Please note that each year, TNECD typically funds 2-3 urgent need activities during a program year. This is dependent on circumstances and can change from year-to-year.

Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) 91.320(k)(4)

YES (described below and in AP-30) HOPWA Specific: Does the Action Plan identify the method for selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community organizations)?

Description:

The method of selecting sponsors is through soliciting grant proposals to include grass roots faith-based and other community-based organizations. The purpose of this Request for Grant Proposal (RFGP) is to define the State's minimum requirements, solicit grant proposals and gain adequate information from which the State can evaluate the services potential project sponsors propose to provide. The RFGP process for HOPWA is based on a five-year cycle, which was last issued in 2016 and will end June 30th, 2021. The contracts for these agencies are 1 year with the option to renew for four additional years. However, the States reserves the right to terminate a contract should there be substandard performance by a project sponsor. In the event a contract is terminated the State will solicit new agency proposals. The Department of Health will contract with established not-for-profit agencies that continually show both the capability to plan for, as well as the ability to provide direct intervention and housing assistance to eligible clients and their families. Proposals are evaluated on criteria such as technical services, organization, experience, and budget to name a few. Funds were awarded to sponsors who submitted proposals that best met, or exceeded the required criteria and provided a detailed budget, which best met the needs of HOPWA clients.